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432,320 4,259,140	1,606,551,781 14,926,629	57,989,543 175,889
906,663	2,761,111	47,221
8,423,114	20,372,655	604,707
2,282,937	16,076,012	705,598
66,285,468	179,715,041	3,566,015
7,765,468	29,440,437	1,405,500
9,663,283	29,299,094	378,574
1,948,833	10,202,519	20,564
1,585,649	14,270,260	8,107
36,943,224	80,000,176	964,934
9,911,746	46,466,254	3,155,922
1,820,109	4,341,029	185,922
1,734,272	5,814,711	185,136
19,680,063	82,400,136	32,747
5,607,673	28,251,515	1,879,155
2,656,746 3,106,197	12,333,530 12,650,055	408,771 161,275
3,285,175	16,383,604	1,484,995
3,373,608	22,211,867	150,423
1,278,878	4,248,091	305,776
8,847,187	37,266,856	169,311
13,311,609	47,715,564	112,598
8,889,841	52,127,749	528,378
6,684,641	49,103,004	243,624
1,721,668	6,876,816	1,388,240
5,999,022	30,902,109	275,915
1,126,834	2,624,052	1,042,439
1,916,546	8,900,001	51,192
6,256,039	9,279,131	103,159
1,871,637	6,432,668	87,070
14,712,728	73,752,255	79,896
1,801,649 36,540,727	5,235,672 134,356,183	1,609,125 27,653
8,684,062	39,323,108	1,143,565
707,331	2,272,331	318,756
10,330,930	62,314,295	20,282
4,257,011	12,048,707	427,017
4,379,128	16,019,389	5,647,913
15,041,366	70,797,849	207,549
1,356,882	6,507,650	2,775,417
3,942,183	25,246,952	7,442
1,331,186	2,654,234	439,600
6,054,796	33,350,510	31,646
31,945,128	112,353,278	911,315 20,702,545
2,875,240 766,290	8,426,021 2,553,679	601,852
11,022,591	38,638,536	27,657
10.967,692	35,266,519	1,341,656
1,137,839	4,273,177	1,073,518
6,299,959	28,481,964	111,654
1,413,201	1,704,024	333,532
332,768	1,864,125	234,763
304,348	3,010,438	4,278
2,391,059	1,747,090	1,205
118,512	48,552	207,332
2,213,400	621,808	2,053
59,147	452,953	598,502
59,147	100,973	7,641
2,304,266	961,118	59,140
72,379,610 73,733,156	1,439,259 1,745,480	11,158,589 12,502,451
65,990,832	1,796,227	12,703,171
61,779,556	1,971,614	15,004,486
74,179,370	2,110,992	17,002,504
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2007 **OCTOBER 1, 2006**



SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

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The IRS Mission

Provide America's taxpayers top quality service by helping them understand and meet their tax responsibilities and by applying the tax law with integrity and fairness to all.

Internal Revenue Service Data Book, 2007

This report describes activities conducted by the Internal Revenue Service during Fiscal Year 2007 (October 1, 2006, through September 30, 2007). It provides information on returns filed and taxes collected, enforcement, taxpayer assistance, the IRS budget and workforce, and other selected activities.

NOTE: When using information from this report, cite the *Internal Revenue Service Data Book, 2007* as follows—

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Contents

Revisions to Fiscal Years 2005 and 2006 Internal Revenue Service Data Booksiii
List of Statistical Tablesv
Statistical Tables3
Principal Officers of the Internal Revenue Service
Principal Officers of the IRS Office of Chief Counsel71
Commissioners of Internal Revenue72
Chief Counsels for the Internal Revenue Service74
Internal Revenue Service OrganizationInside Back Cover

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The Internal Revenue Service Data Book Online

The *Internal Revenue Service Data Book* tables for the current year and 12 previous years may be found on the IRS Internet site. The World Wide Web address is: **www.irs.gov/taxstats**. From the Web site, select "IRS Data Books" in the "Products, Publications, & Papers" section.

For additional information, contact Statistical Information Services at 202-874-0410 or e-mail sis@irs.gov.

Revisions to Fiscal Years 2005 and 2006 Internal Revenue Service Data Books

In the Fiscal Years 2005 and 2006 *IRS Data Books*, the civil penalty tables have been revised. Civil penalties assessed and abated are reported in Table 27 for Fiscal Year 2005 and Table 17 for Fiscal Year 2006. These tables have been revised to correct coding for certain penalty-related transactions.

Corrected Table 27 for Fiscal Year 2005 and Table 17 for Fiscal Year 2006 are available at www.irs.gov/taxstats.

List of Statistical Tables

Returns Filed, Taxes Collected, and Refunds Issued	Page
Table 1. Internal Revenue Collections and Refunds, by Type of Tax, Fiscal Years 2006 and 2007	3
Table 2. Number of Returns Filed, by Type of Return, Fiscal Years 2006 and 2007	4
Table 3. Number of Returns Filed, by Type of Return and State, Fiscal Year 2007	5
Table 4. Number of Returns Filed Electronically, by Type of Return and State, Fiscal Year 2007	8
Table 5. Internal Revenue Gross Collections, by Type of Tax and State, Fiscal Year 2007	11
Table 6. Internal Revenue Gross Collections, by Type of Tax, Fiscal Years 1960-2007	14
Table 7. Number of Internal Revenue Refunds Issued, by State, Fiscal Year 2007	16
Table 8. Amount of Internal Revenue Refunds Issued, Including Interest, by State, Fiscal Year 2007	18
Enforcement: Examinations	
Table 9. Examination Coverage: Recommended and Average Recommended Additional Tax After Examination, by Type and Size of Return, Fiscal Year 2007	23
Table 10. Examination Coverage: Returns Examined with Unagreed Recommended Additional Tax After Examination, by Type and Size of Return, Fiscal Year 2007	26
Table 11. Examination Coverage: Returns Examined Involving Protection of Revenue Base, by Type and Size of Return, Fiscal Year 2007	28
Table 12. Examination Coverage: Returns Examined Resulting in Refunds, by Type and Size of Return Fiscal Year 2007	
Table 13. Returns of Tax-Exempt Organizations, Employee Plans, and Government Entities Examined, by Type of Return, Fiscal Year 2007.	32
Enforcement: Information Reporting and Verification	
Table 14. Information Reporting Program, Fiscal Year 2007.	35
Table 15. Number of Math Errors, by Type of Error, Calendar Year 2007	36
Enforcement: Collections, Penalties, and Criminal Investigation	
Table 16. Delinquent Collection Activities, Fiscal Years 2004-2007	39
Table 17. Civil Penalties Assessed and Abated, by Type of Tax and Type of Penalty, Fiscal Year 2007	40
Table 18. Criminal Investigation Program, by Status or Disposition, Fiscal Year 2007	42

Taxpayer Assistance	Page
Table 19. Internal Revenue Service Taxpayer Assistance and Education Programs for Individual Taxpayers by Type of Assistance or Program, Fiscal Year 2007	
Table 20 . Taxpayer Advocate Service: Postfiling Taxpayer Assistance Program, by Type of Issue and Relief, Fiscal Year 2007	46
Table 21. Appeals Workload, by Type of Case, Fiscal Year 2007	47
Tax-Exempt Activities	
Table 22. Tax-Exempt Guidance and Other Regulatory Activities, Fiscal Year 2007.	51
Table 23. Determination Letters Issued on Employee Pension Plans, by Type and Disposition of Plan, Fiscal Year 2007	52
Table 24. Tax-Exempt Organization and Other Entity Applications or Disposals, by Type of Organization and Internal Revenue Code Section, Fiscal Year 2007	53
Table 25. Tax-Exempt Organizations and Nonexempt Charitable Trusts, Fiscal Years 2004-2007	54
Chief Counsel	
Table 26. Chief Counsel Workload: All Cases, by Office and Type of Case or Activity, Fiscal Year 2007	57
Table 27. Chief Counsel Workload: Tax Litigation Cases, by Type of Case, Fiscal Year 2007	59
IRS Budget and Workforce	
Table 28. Costs Incurred by the Internal Revenue Service, by Budget Activity, Fiscal Years 2006 and 2007	63
Table 29. Internal Revenue Service Collections, Costs, Personnel, and U.S. Population, Fiscal Years 1980-2007	64
Table 30. Internal Revenue Service Personnel Summary, by Employment Status, Budget Activity, and Selected Type of Personnel, Fiscal Years 2006 and 2007	65
Table 31. Internal Revenue Service Labor Force, Compared to National Totals for Civilian and Federal Labor Forces, by Race, National Origin, and Gender, Fiscal Year 2007	66

Returns Filed, Taxes Collected, and Refunds Issued

ables 1 and 2 provide a broad overview of the main functions performed by the IRS: processing Federal tax returns and collecting revenue. During Fiscal Year (FY) 2007, the IRS collected nearly \$2.4 trillion in tax, net of refunds, over 46 percent of which was attributable to the individual income tax.

Tables 3 through 6 provide additional detail on gross collections and returns filed by State, over time, and for different types of electronic returns. More than 87 million returns, including 56.7 percent of individual income tax returns, were filed electronically in FY 2007.

Tables 7 and 8 provide information on tax refunds, by State and type of tax. Individual income tax return filers received tax refunds totaling over \$248 billion in FY 2007.

Table 1. Internal Revenue Collections and Refunds, by Type of Tax, Fiscal Years 2006 and 2007

[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars. For FY 2007 details by State, see Tables 5 and 8.]

	Gross collections [1]				Net collections [1]	
Type of tax	2006	2007	Percentage of 2007 total	2007 refunds [1, 2]	2007	Percentage of 2007 total
_	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
United States, total	2,518,680,230	2,691,537,557	100.0	295,246,560	2,396,290,997	100.0
Corporation income tax	380,924,573	395,535,825	14.7	27,054,347	368,481,478	15.4
Regular	380,039,893	394,666,355	14.7	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Tax-exempt organization business income tax	884,681	869,471	[3]	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Individual income tax [4, 5]	1,236,259,371	1,366,241,437	50.8	248,641,454	1,117,599,983	46.6
Income tax withheld	849,004,371	928,632,327	34.5	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Other [6]	387,255,000	437,609,110	16.3	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Employment taxes	814,819,218	849,732,729	31.6	11,690,664	838,042,065	35.0
Old-Age, Survivors, Disability, and Hospital Insurance (OASDHI), total [5]	802,612,629	837,598,094	31.1	11,550,344	826,047,750	34.5
Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA)	757,547,410	787,759,756	29.3	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Self-Employment Insurance Contributions Act (SECA)	45,065,219	49,838,338	1.9	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Unemployment insurance	7,533,119	7,416,738	0.3	127,210	7,289,528	0.3
Railroad retirement	4,673,471	4,717,897	0.2	13,110	4,704,787	0.2
Estate and gift taxes	28,687,525	26,977,953	1.0	969,331	26,008,622	1.1
Estate	26,717,493	24,557,815	0.9	922,142	23,635,673	1.0
Gift	1,970,032	2,420,138	0.1	47,189	2,372,949	0.1
Excise taxes	57,989,543	53,049,612	2.0	[7] 6,890,764	46,158,848	2.0

n.a.-Not available.

NOTES: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding. Data include adjustments and credits. Gross collections exclude excise taxes paid to the Customs Service and the Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau. Because refunds of such taxes are recorded by the Internal Revenue Service, they are included here.

SOURCE: Chief Financial Officer, Revenue Financial Management OS:CFO:R

^[1] Includes adjustments and credits. See Tables 5 and 8 for additional detail.

^[2] Includes principal and interest paid on refunds. Represents refundable earned income tax credits, refundable child tax credits, overpayment refunds, refunds resulting from examination activity, and other refunds required by law. See Table 8, footnotes 1-2 for additional detail.

^[3] Less than 0.05 percent.

^[4] Collections include Presidential Election Campaign Fund contributions of \$50.1 million in Fiscal Year 2006 and \$49.8 million in Fiscal Year 2007.

^[5] Collections of individual income tax are not reported by payers separately from old-age, survivors, disability, and hospital insurance (OASDHI) taxes on salaries and wages (under the Federal Insurance Contributions Act or FICA), and on self-employment income (under the Self-Employment Insurance Contributions Act or SECA). The OASDHI tax collections and refunds shown in Table 1 are based on estimates made by the Secretary of the Treasury pursuant to the provisions of Section 201(a) of the Social Security Act as amended and include all OASDHI taxes. Amounts shown for individual income tax withheld and other income tax were derived by subtracting the FICA and SECA tax estimates from total tax withheld and other taxes paid. Refund estimates were not made for the components of income and OASDHI taxes.

^[6] Includes estate and trust income tax collections of \$17.1 billion in Fiscal Year 2006 and \$21.5 billion in Fiscal Year 2007.

^[7] Includes telephone excise tax refunds. See Table 8, footnote 5 for additional detail.

Table 2. Number of Returns Filed, by Type of Return, Fiscal Years 2006 and 2007

[Numbers are in thousands. For FY 2007 details by State, see Table 3.]

Type of return	2006	2007	Percentage change
	(1)	(2)	(3)
United States, total [1]	228,145	235,438	3.2
Income tax	177,404	183,091	3.2
Individual [2]	133,917	138,894	3.7
Forms 1040, 1040A, 1040EZ, 1040EZ-T	133,171	138,131	3.7
Forms 1040NR, 1040NR-EZ, 1040PR, 1040-SS, 1040C	746	763	2.3
Individual estimated tax	30,099	29,996	-0.3
Estate and trust	3,697	3,718	0.6
Estate and trust estimated tax	639	780	22.2
Partnership	2,773	3,097	11.7
S corporation	3,825	4,099	7.2
C or other corporation [3]	2,454	2,508	2.2
Estate tax [4]	58	50	-14.3
Gift tax	256	253	-1.2
Employment taxes [5]	31,182	30,740	-1.4
Tax-exempt organizations [6]	833	901	8.2
Excise taxes [7]	942	907	-3.7
Supplemental documents [8]	17,471	19,496	11.6

[1] Excludes information returns (e.g., Forms 1098, 1099, 5498, W-2 and W-2G, and Schedule K-1) and tax-exempt bond returns (Forms 8038, 8038-G, 8038-GC, 8038-T, and 8328). This table also excludes employee benefit plan returns (Forms 5500 and 5500-EZ) processed by the Department of Labor. See Table 14 for the total number of information returns filed.

[2] Includes Form 1040 (the "long form"); Forms 1040A and 1040EZ (the "short forms"); Form 1040EZ-T (Federal telephone excise tax refund return); Forms 1040NR and 1040NR-EZ (filed by nonresident aliens); Form 1040PR (the self-employment tax form for Puerto Rico residents); Form 1040-SS (the self-employment tax form for U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands); and Form 1040C (for departing aliens). Form 1040X (amended individual income tax return) is included in supplemental documents. The one-time telephone excise tax refund resulted in an increase in the number of individual income tax returns filed. Some taxpayers who did not otherwise have a filing requirement filed Form 1040EZ-T (telephone excise tax refund), while others filed Forms 1040. 1040A. or 1040EZ to claim the telephone excise tax refund.

[3] Includes Form 1066 (real estate mortgage investment conduits) and the Form 1120 series of returns as follows: 1120 ("long form"); 1120-A ("short form"); 1120-C (cooperative associations); 1120-F (foreign corporations, except foreign life insurance companies); 1120-FSC (foreign sales corporations); 1120-H (homeowner associations); 1120-L (life insurance companies); 1120-ND (nuclear decommissioning funds); 1120-PC (property and casualty insurance companies); 1120-POL (certain political associations); 1120-REIT (real estate investment trusts); 1120-RIC (regulated investment companies); and 1120-SF (settlement funds). Form 1120X (amended return) is included in supplemental documents.

Excludes Form 1120-IC-DISC (interest charge domestic international sales corporations). Also excludes Form 990-T (tax-exempt organization business income tax) included under tax-exempt organizations, although tax collected on these returns is included under corporation income tax in other tables.

[4] Includes Forms 706 (estate and generation-skipping transfer); 706-GS (D) (generation-skipping transfer tax return for distributions); 706-GS(T) (generation-skipping transfer tax return for terminations); and 706-NA (nonresident alien estate and generation-skipping transfer).

[5] Includes Forms 940 (employer's Federal unemployment tax return); 940-EZ ("short form"); 940PR (unemployment tax return, Puerto Rico); 941 (employer return for income and Social Security taxes withheld for other than household and agricultural employees); 941PR/SS (employer return, Puerto Rico; or U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands); 943 (agricultural employer return); 943PR (agricultural employer return, Puerto Rico); 944 (employer tax return); 945 (return of withheld income tax from nonpayroll distributions); 1042 (return of withheld income tax on U.S-source income of foreign person); CT-1 (railroad retirement tax return); and CT-2 (railroad retirement tax return) for employee representatives).

[6] Includes Forms 990 (tax-exempt organization except private foundation, "long form"); 990-EZ ("short form"); 990-C (farmers' cooperative); 990-PF (private foundation); 990-T (tax-exempt organization business income tax); 4720 (excise taxes of private foundations and other persons); and 5227 (split-interest trust information). Tax collected on Form 990-T is included under corporation income tax in other tables.

[7] Includes Forms 720 (quarterly excise tax); 730 (tax on wagering); 2290 (heavy highway vehicle use tax); and 11-C (occupational tax and registration for wagering). Excludes excise tax returns filed with the Customs Service and Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau.

[8] Includes Forms 1040X (amended individual income tax); 1041A (charitable contribution deductions by certain trusts); 1120X (amended corporation income tax); 4868 (automatic filing extension for individuals); 2688 (additional filing extension for individuals); 7004 (automatic filing extension for corporations); and 8752 (payment or refund for prior years by certain partnerships and S corporations).

NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

SOURCE: Research, Analysis, and Statistics, Office of Research RAS:R

Table 3. Number of Returns Filed, by Type of Return and State, Fiscal Year 2007

		Individual	Individual estimated	Estate and trust	Estate and trust estimated		
State	Total returns [1]	income tax [2]	income tax	income tax	income tax	Partnership	S corporation
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
United States, total	235,438,192	138,893,908	29,995,977	3,717,790	779,979	3,096,964	4,098,695
Alabama	3,150,499	2,021,468	339,591	28,463	6,865	40,433	46,878
Alaska	565,842	341,370	56,781	3,582	1,145	6,120	7,301
Arizona	4,379,920	2,586,387	576,941	44,895	11,267	74,106	71,526
Arkansas	1,940,599	1,182,081	215,030	15,803	4,477	24,495	36,651
California	27,784,332	15,925,182	3,991,916	328,470	96,594	341,249	334,463
Colorado	4,111,577	2,220,625	543,015	40,939	13,792	82,263	101,895
Connecticut	3,008,804	1,711,034	481,880	47,756	16,808	60,191	27,204
Delaware	742,297	411,529	96,038	25,440	5,105	12,387	14,732
District of Columbia	971,573	287,218	65,210	465,730	3,299	7,955	4,882
Florida	15,765,823	8,647,477	1,993,025	174,595	46,213	164,176	556,001
Georgia	6,628,258	4,064,898	628,205	44,172	14,486	79,049	152,890
Hawaii	1,097,173	637,469	167,723	13,151	3,902	10,220	12,186
Idaho	1,145,265	638,980	138,162	7,998	1,971	21,867	24,322
Illinois	10,004,715	5,968,137	1,265,593	204,087	42,301	101,260	208,436
Indiana	4,675,655	2,965,560	587,189	44,034	10,801	49,497	91,434
Iowa	2,370,843	1,376,226	371,427	47,281	4,840	29,794	34,792
Kansas	2,211,997	1,285,611	324,222	26,541	8,149	29,941	30,639
Kentucky	2,882,368	1,822,139	338,962	36.790	6,853	37,537	50,562
•	3,200,962	1,931,010	322,761	21,104	6,508		53,297
Louisiana Maine	1,123,018	632,790	153,440	28,506	4,108	51,033 10,495	22,457
			,				
Maryland	4,571,290	2,711,618	642,456	53,639	19,056	60,761	73,067
Massachusetts	5,541,063	3,139,717	850,420	156,183	37,443	59,366	87,072
Michigan	7,439,215	4,653,228	868,707	85,191	20,867	99,404	127,496
Minnesota	4,363,830	2,555,729	596,343	50,291	10,646	55,128	90,189
Mississippi	1,897,995	1,228,186	177,666	11,654	3,602	22,633	26,614
Missouri	4,493,625	2,716,829	574,001	76,045	15,063	58,777	62,062
Montana	904,459	464,574	129,602	7,361	2,084	15,463	20,847
Nebraska	1,442,207	832,643	193,102	21,566	4,110	20,057	27,112
Nevada	2,026,738	1,206,328	211,503	15,177	5,105	44,039	40,428
New Hampshire	1,131,755	659,772	171,194	14,238	5,205	14,749	12,253
New Jersey	7,445,112	4,220,282	1,025,121	136,367	27,597	128,238	131,124
New Mexico	1,432,468	884,590	180,179	11,049	3,491	17,255	19,120
New York	15,535,227	8,939,368	1,871,038	317,351	63,076	206,330	358,660
North Carolina	6,531,657	3,994,348	778,359	70,462	12,757	82,053	123,684
North Dakota	571,838	314,183	90,674	6,064	1,103	9,124	8,296
Ohio	8,754,984	5,515,814	1,033,514	180,269	23,813	105,122	120,636
Oklahoma	2,677,409	1,539,523	327,672	80,818	7,804	36,629	45,280
Oregon	3,058,215	1,689,279	455.903	34,009	8,129	42,311	50,268
Pennsylvania	9,808,366	6,033,435	1,398,655	178,486	31,090	108,110	148,094
Rhode Island	889,520	517,468	110,618	26,979	3,775	9,911	18,483
South Carolina	3,105,124	1,942,865	350,060	21,774	6,120	41,566	55,849
South Dakota	690,957	377,082	103,254	10,295	2,851	10,372	12,164
Tennessee	4,245,472	2,733,972	496,159	40,890	14,392	60,077	32,797
Texas	16,554,411	10,041,600	1,756,158	193,744	77,397	265,290	204,889
Utah	1,872,535	1,071,712	173,248	14,196	3,203	53,340	46,586
Vermont	593,908	319,584	100,597	9,086	2,504	5,697	11,418
Virginia	6,001,668	3,613,512	816,940	73,905	18,957	72,755	100,404
Washington	5,320,948	3,008,488	765,767	60,172	18,481	68,130	82,196
West Virginia	1,191,238	769,727	149,893	10,114	2,522	12,457	11,418
Wisconsin	4,523,790	2,734,618	640,461	91,792	14,695	57,969	56,368
Wyoming	496,219	256,835	70,495	5,998	2,720	10,347	10,249
Other	2,563,429	1,549,808	229,107	3,288	837	9,436	1,024

Table 3. Number of Returns Filed, by Type of Return and State, Fiscal Year 2007—Continued

	C or other						
	corporation	Estate	Gift	Employment	Tax-exempt	Excise	Supplemental
State	income tax [3]	tax [4]	tax	taxes [5]	organizations [6]	taxes [7]	documents [8]
	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
United States, total	2,507,728	49,924	252,522	30,740,592	900,659	907,165	19,496,289
Alabama	22,329	447	2,774	383,232	9,102	16,932	231,985
Alaska	3,929	61	385	78,664	2,906	3,402	60,196
Arizona	41,062	740	3,581	539,318	12,093	8,364	409,640
Arkansas	16,919	239	1,177	260,103	6,174	14,286	163,164
California	335,799	9,571	24,494	3,611,053	97,129	81,891	2,606,521
Colorado	40,657	709	4,655	631,986	15,766	12,213	403,062
Connecticut	29,243	1,019	8,576	377,005	13,268	6,164	228,656
Delaware	10,248	159	904	99,364	4,717	2,151	59,523
District of Columbia	10,997	193	729	69,378	8,193	218	47,571
Florida	215,418	3,520	20,679	2,146,769	39,452	45,408	1,713,090
Georgia	64,116	1,086	5,772	889,183	18,515	26,607	639,279
Hawaii	15,034	309	1,810	128,691	4,051	1,078	101,549
Idaho	9,367	178	857	198,339	3,727	8,037	91,460
Illinois	115,804	2,152	10,703	1,322,508	37,473	44,795	681,466
Indiana	26,397	618	4,249	575,420	20,193	27,539	272,724
lowa	24,769	419	2,020	328,001	11,241	21,568	118,465
Kansas	20,379	362	2,270	311,756	9,100	14,407	148,620
Kentucky	20,055	405	2,840	356,809	9,202	16,785	183,429
Louisiana	36,088	429	1,762	404,792	8,892	15,042	348,244
Maine	9,458	233	1,357	171,284	5,495	5,582	77,813
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Maryland	56,387	1,026	5,673	553,820	17,484	10,222	366,081
Massachusetts	61,453 78,744	1,592 1,066	9,720 6,090	711,109 955,379	31,026	9,749	386,213
Michigan Minnesota	35,715	811	6,244	621,929	26,445 21,586	25,797 31,744	490,801 287,475
Mississippi	15,478	181	1,145	230,570	5,338	11,985	162,943
							· ·
Missouri	40,647	742	4,421	618,492	19,544	22,544	284,458
Montana	10,506	204	1,099	159,994	4,401	7,215	81,109
Nebraska	14,485	253	1,527	217,417	6,985	18,179	84,771
Nevada	35,980	343	1,603	236,090	4,238	8,993	216,911
New Hampshire	12,506	231	1,799	153,516	4,956	3,798	77,538
New Jersey	93,347	2,114	9,962	1,032,137	54,742	17,891	566,190
New Mexico	10,787	194	952	178,455	4,959	6,216	115,221
New York	232,824	4,310	20,724	2,210,953	68,148	22,796	1,219,649
North Carolina	62,817	1,224	6,300	856,038	26,452	29,511	487,652
North Dakota	4,904	83	844	92,139	2,928	12,258	29,238
Ohio	72,623	1,306	8,904	1,022,610	37,065	32,615	600,693
Oklahoma	22,889	382	1,994	359,685	8,668	12,253	233,812
Oregon	25,091	738	3,103	445,381	13,252	11,928	278,823
Pennsylvania	71,465	1,651	11,100	1,188,330	45,658	34,467	557,825
Rhode Island	7,740	248	1,084	127,612	6,451	1,831	57,320
South Carolina	28,847	485	2,922	402,009	8,715	12,529	231,383
South Dakota	5,190	103	816	109,726	3,072	11,293	44,739
Tennessee	35,649	781	3,615	498,003	13,427	18,547	297,163
Texas	181,978	2,494	16,619	1,943,221	46,761	69,965	1,754,295
Utah	17,126	206	919	288,598	5,685	6,564	191,152
Vermont	5,777	124	701	93,936	3,864	2,796	37,824
Virginia	61,940	1,259	6,587	749,433	23,060	16,905	446,011
Washington	44,357	984	5,732	733,791	19,588	25,997	487,265
West Virginia	10,212	130	844	152,100	4,763	6,234	60,824
Wisconsin	41,223	1,022	6,203	584,054	20,738	21,008	253,639
Wyoming	5,052	93	870	85,685	2,375	3,446	42,054
Other	35,921	695	812	244,725	1,596	7,420	478,760
Outel	33,321	090	012	277,120	1,000	1,420	710,100

Table 3. Number of Returns Filed, by Type of Return and State, Fiscal Year 2007—Continued

Footnotes

- [1] Excludes information returns (e.g., Forms 1098, 1099, 5498, W-2 and W-2G, and Schedule K-1) and tax-exempt bond returns (Forms 8038, 8038-G, 8038-GC, 8038-T, and 8328). This table also excludes employee benefit plan returns (Forms 5500 and 5500-EZ) processed by the Department of Labor. See Table 14 for the total number of information returns filed.
- [2] Includes Form 1040 (the "long form"); Forms 1040A and 1040EZ (the "short forms"); Form 1040EZ-T (Federal telephone excise tax refund return); Forms 1040NR and 1040NR-EZ (filed by nonresident aliens); Form 1040PR (the self-employment tax form for Puerto Rico residents); Form 1040-SS (the self-employment tax form for U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands); and Form 1040C (for departing aliens). Form 1040X (amended individual income tax return) is included in supplemental documents. The one-time telephone excise tax refund resulted in an increase in the number of individual income tax returns filed. Some taxpayers who did not otherwise have a filing requirement filed Form 1040EZ-T (telephone excise tax refund), while others filed Forms 1040, 1040A, or 1040EZ to claim the telephone excise tax refund.
- [3] Includes Form 1066 (real estate mortgage investment conduits) and the Form 1120 series of returns as follows: 1120 ("long form"); 1120-A ("short form"); 1120-C (cooperative associations); 1120-F (foreign corporations, except foreign life insurance companies); 1120-FSC (foreign sales corporations); 1120-H (homeowner associations); 1120-L (life insurance companies); 1120-ND (nuclear decommissioning funds); 1120-PC (property and casualty insurance companies); 1120-POL (certain political associations); 1120-REIT (real estate investment trusts); 1120-RIC (regulated investment companies); and 1120-SF (settlement funds). Form 1120X (amended return) is included in supplemental documents.

Excludes Form 1120-IC-DISC (interest charge domestic international sales corporations). Also excludes Form 990-T (tax-exempt organization business income tax), included under tax-exempt organizations, although tax collected on these returns is included under corporation income tax in other tables.

- [4] Includes Forms 706 (estate and generation-skipping transfer); 706-GS (D) (generation-skipping transfer tax return for distributions); 706-GS(T) (generation-skipping transfer tax return for terminations); and 706-NA (nonresident alien estate and generation-skipping transfer).
- [5] Includes Forms 940 (employer's Federal unemployment tax return); 940-EZ ("short form"); 940PR (unemployment tax return, Puerto Rico); 941 (employer return for income and Social Security taxes withheld for other than household and agricultural employees); 941PR/SS (employer return, Puerto Rico; or U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and Northern Mariana Islands); 943 (agricultural employer return); 943PR (agricultural employer return, Puerto Rico); 944 (employer tax return); 945 (return of withheld income tax from nonpayroll distributions); 1042 (return of withheld income tax on U.S-source income of foreign person); CT-1 (railroad retirement tax return); and CT-2 (railroad retirement tax return for employee representatives).
- [6] Includes Forms 990 (tax-exempt organization except private foundation, "long form"); 990-EZ ("short form"); 990-C (farmers' cooperative); 990-PF (private foundation); 990-T (tax-exempt organization business income tax); 4720 (excise taxes of private foundations and other persons); and 5227 (split-interest trust). Tax collected on Form 990-T is included under corporation income tax in other tables.
- [7] Includes Forms 720 (quarterly excise tax); 730 (tax on wagering); 2290 (heavy highway vehicle use tax); and 11-C (occupational tax and registration for wagering). Excludes excise tax returns filed with the Customs Service and Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau.
- [8] Includes Forms 1040X (amended individual income tax); 1041A (charitable contribution deductions by certain trusts); 1120X (amended corporation income tax); 4868 (automatic filing extension for individuals); 2688 (additional filing extension for individuals); 7004 (automatic filing extension for corporations); and 8752 (payment or refund for prior years by certain partnerships and S corporations).

NOTE: In general, classification by State is based on the taxpayer's address (or, in the case of businesses, the location of the principal office or place of business). However, some individuals may use the address of a tax attorney or accountant, or, in the case of certain individuals who were sole proprietors, partners in a partnership, or shareholders in an S corporation, the business address. Such addresses could have been located in a State other than the State in which the individual resided.

SOURCE: Research, Analysis, and Statistics, Office of Research RAS:R

Table 4. Number of Returns Filed Electronically, by Type of Return and State, Fiscal Year 2007

		_	Type of inc	dividual e-file	- Estate
State	Total returns [1]	Total individual e-filed returns [2]	Online [3]	Practitioner [4]	and trust income tax
2.5.1.2	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
United States, total	87,305,241	78,728,542	22,413,421	56,315,121	1,380,276
Alabama	1,357,069	1,310,927	291,599	1,019,328	6,772
Alaska	190,866	183,825	74,631	109,194	184
Arizona	1,581,836	1,430,863	459,519	971,344	6,596
Arkansas	768,975	745,790	166,748	579,042	794
California	10,587,212	9,328,180	1,893,009	7,435,171	18,948
Colorado	1,246,811	1,122,426	428,328	694,098	2,273
Connecticut	1,143,776	1,004,003	260,397	743,606	3,075
Delaware	270,777	230,510	77,965	152,545	11,358
District of Columbia	640,852	148,327	53,666	94,661	458,414
Florida	5,208,028	4,699,103	1,523,062	3,176,041	40,595
Seorgia	2,684,207	2,499,985	747,759	1,752,226	1,616
·lawaii	313,551	288,542	85,451	203,091	1,727
daho	413,600	398,866	125,848	273,018	337
llinois	3,437,656	3,095,556	920,510	2,175,046	73,510
ndiana	1,811,481	1,711,262	538,860	1,172,402	7,058
owa	1,013,231	970,487	213,748	756,739	18,250
Kansas	813,300	765,766	221,188	544,578	3,484
Kentucky	1,183,311	1,123,196	272,624	850,572	15,617
ouisiana	1,118,801	1,067,175	292,026	775,149	770
Maine	341,235	297,178	114,229	182,949	862
Maryland	1,503,336	1,342,850	472,365	870,485	3,962
Massachusetts	2,296,538	1,837,040	516,334	1,320,706	74,931
Michigan	3,407,770	3,096,124	793,449	2,302,675	28,800
Minnesota	1,925,384	1,750,548	451,275	1,299,273	13,712
Mississippi	808,073	789,737	164,890	624,847	1,813
Missouri	1,709,890	1,584,572	429,312	1,155,260	28,791
Montana	287,755	273,829	68,305	205,524	708
Nebraska	544,408	513,147	152,326	360,821	5,264
Nevada	749,803	678,901	207,284	471,617	1,096
New Hampshire	391,387	345,588	139,328	206,260	1,350
lew Jersey	2,741,507	2,281,692	469,911	1,811,781	54,060
New Mexico	531,084	511,350	162,454	348,896	1,619
New York	5,688,842	4,909,819	901,961	4,007,858	112,907
North Carolina	2,462,890	2.312.893	677,588	1,635,305	18,717
North Dakota	202,870	194,464	49,678	144,786	844
Ohio	3,365,027	3,026,173	1,038,891	1,987,282	94,724
Oklahoma	1,035,670	938,607	276,251	662,356	56,230
Dregon	1,053,351	942,900	309,729	633,171	5,899
Pennsylvania	3,365,906	3,003,594	1,016,435	1,987,159	68,814
Rhode Island	343,490	268,631	63,672	204,959	15,381
South Carolina	1,317,494	1,261,831	306,321	955,510	2,414
South Dakota	239,999	225,921	65,791	160,130	3,409
ennessee	1,739,928	1,663,704	496,165	1,167,539	7,929
exas	5,848,809	5,495,211	1,913,622	3,581,589	21,760
Itah	686,183	630,186	230,269	399,917	628
	475 444	150.044			
/ermont	175,411	158,914	52,572	106,342	2,344
/irginia	2,124,199	1,949,768	766,510	1,183,258	22,828
Vashington	1,758,912	1,619,323	685,606	933,717	8,071
Vest Virginia	443,683	432,405	133,990	298,415	2,596
Visconsin	1,938,564 157,258	1,787,292 148,801	508,621 46,768	1,278,671 102,033	45,832 580
Vyoming	107,200			102,033	
Other	333,245	330,760	84,581	246,179	23

Table 4. Number of Returns Filed Electronically, by Type of Return and State, Fiscal Year 2007—Continued

			C or other		
State	Partnership	S corporation	corporation income tax [5]	Employment taxes [6]	Tax-exempt organizations [7]
State	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
					. ,
United States, total Alabama	431,497 3,094	620,485 4,576	226,535 1,302	5,889,239 30,205	28,667 193
Alaska	1,299	2,075	509	2,767	207
Arizona	6,541	7,772	2,196	127,642	226
Arkansas	2,757	5,119	1,464	12,894	157
California	34,358	43,315	29,219	1,131,129	2,063
Colorado	9,641	14,345	2,608	95,037	481
Connecticut	5,855	3,259	1,878	125,302	404
Delaware	1,551	1,849	804	24,658	47
District of Columbia Florida	647 18,828	463 73,627	319 12,794	32,457 361,956	225 1,125
Georgia	7,459	17,685	4,102	152,896	464
Hawaii	804	1,010	607	20,759	102
daho	3,723	3,876	685	6,014	99
Ilinois	9,212	20,864	6,837	230,695	982
ndiana	5,511	11,308	2,165	73,669	508
owa	4,014	6,126	3,110	10,846	398
Kansas	5,281	6,019	2,973	29,396	381
Kentucky	4,091	5,199	1,212	33,756	240
Louisiana	4,811	4,394	1,826	39,684	141
Maine	1,166	2,385	562	38,989	93
Maryland	4,924	6,573	2,290	142,304	433
Massachusetts	35,015	58,234	25,024	264,309	1,985
Michigan	43,832	55,133	25,655	156,259	1,967
Minnesota	10,094	17,452	3,867	128,673	1,038
Mississippi	2,854	3,304	1,099	9,114	152
Missouri	7,843	9,543	3,541	74,954	646
Montana	3,347	4,666	1,316	3,614	275
Nebraska	3,811	6,389	2,342	13,143	312
Nevada	7,232	9,442	3,246	49,655	231
New Hampshire	2,509	2,523	1,484	37,830	103
New Jersey	22,354	15,903	6,251	360,421	826
New Mexico	3,222	3,411	1,124	10,183	175
New York	15,177	26,221	9,036	614,197	1,485
North Carolina	7,434	12,044	3,770	107,396	636
North Dakota	2,337	2,298	949	1,765	213
Dhio	15,108	16,907	7,471	203,353	1,291
Oklahoma	4,615	6,472	1,993	27,529	224
Dregon	6,572	9,566	2,800	84,995	619
Pennsylvania	11,426	16,146	5,080	258,591	2,255
Rhode Island	2,144	3,867	841	52,492	134
South Carolina	4,978	6,607	1,913	39,556	195
South Dakota	3,256	3,965	1,115	2,133	200
Гennessee	7,043	4,250	2,901	53,703	398
Texas	31,093	27,640	15,516	256,215	1,374
Jtah	9,053	9,244	1,838	35,000	234
/ermont	751	1,869	559	10,783	191
/irginia	7,809	12,512	3,805	126,843	634
Vashington	9,594	15,205	4,510	101,511	698
West Virginia	1,110	946	457	6,095	74
Visconsin	11,596	14,134	6,311	72,371	1,028
Vyoming	2,444	2,727	645	1,963	98
Other	277	26	614	1,538	7

Table 4. Number of Returns Filed Electronically, by Type of Return and State, Fiscal Year 2007—Continued

Footnotes

- [1] Excludes information returns (e.g., Forms 1098, 1099, 5498, W-2, W-2G, and Schedule K-1), returns of employee benefit plans (i.e., Form 5500 series processed by the Department of Labor), and tax returns that do not have an electronic filing option.
- [2] Includes Form 1040 (the "long form"), Forms 1040A and 1040EZ (the "short forms"), and Form 1040EZ-T (Federal telephone excise tax refund return). The one-time telephone excise tax refund resulted in an increase in the number of individual income tax returns filed. Some taxpayers who did not otherwise have a filing requirement filed Form 1040EZ-T (telephone excise tax refund), while others filed Forms 1040, 1040A, or 1040EZ to claim the telephone excise tax refund.
- [3] Online e-filing is an option that allows taxpayers to prepare and file tax returns using a personal computer. Online returns can be filed through one of two processes: users either complete a tax return on a Web site without downloading any software, or users purchase and load software onto their personal computers, prepare their returns, and transmit them to the IRS through an online filing company.
- [4] Includes cases in which a taxpayer transmits the return via an authorized e-file provider, who, in most cases, is also the preparer of the return.
- [5] Includes Form 1120 (corporation income tax return) and Form 1120-POL (certain political associations).
- [6] Includes Form 940 (employer's Federal unemployment tax return); Form 941 (employer return for income and Social Security taxes withheld); and Form 944 (employer tax return).
- [7] Includes Forms 990 (tax-exempt organization except private foundation, "long form"); 990-EZ ("short form"); and 990-PF (private foundation).

NOTE: In general, classification by State is based on the taxpayer's address (or, in the case of individuals owning businesses, the location of the principal office or place of business). However, some taxpayers may use the address of a tax attorney or accountant, or, in the case of certain individuals who were sole proprietors, partners in a partnership, or shareholders in an S corporation, they may use the business address. Such addresses could have been located in a State other than the State in which the taxpayer resided.

SOURCE: Research, Analysis, and Statistics, Office of Research RAS:R

Table 5. Internal Revenue Gross Collections, by Type of Tax and State, Fiscal Year 2007 [Money amounts are in thousands of dollars.]

	Total Internal		Indivi	dual income and employmer	nt taxes
State	Revenue collections	Corporation income tax [1]	Total	Income tax not withheld and SECA tax [2, 3]	Income tax withheld and FICA tax [2]
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
United States, total [4]	2,688,946,349	395,319,654	2,213,599,132	485,136,156	1,716,328,340
Alabama	24,149,102	3,333,263	20,414,156	4,955,522	15,375,592
Naska	4,287,200	257,764	3,971,426	1,010,064	2,946,004
	35,485,237	2,399,547	31,383,801	8,768,843	
Arizona					22,484,132
Arkansas	27,340,140	6,623,731	19,926,044	2,544,223	17,227,706
California	313,998,874	40,565,558	264,705,424	69,171,804	194,669,220
Colorado	45.404.194	4,093,083	39,572,310	8,779,357	30,668,144
Connecticut	54,235,851	11,855,621	41,443,770	10,943,465	30,407,594
Delaware	16,857,669	5,101,233	11,569,281	2,253,614	9,285,177
District of Columbia	20,393,510	3,409,158	16,732,126		
				1,973,641	14,412,658
Florida	136,476,423	7,928,708	125,749,772	39,387,695	85,235,856
Georgia	75,217,980	11,756,624	60,843,130	11,344,240	49,233,351
Hawaii	7,666,494	677,846	6,761,439	1,878,985	4,858,699
daho	9,024,822	650,030	8,290,192	1,936,944	6,308,996
			, ,		
llinois	135,458,089	23,077,868	109,630,976	22,766,618	86,318,745
ndiana	42,668,067	4,854,150	37,174,724	6,019,120	31,011,390
owa	18.436.557	2,047,976	16,101,584	3,013,497	13,020,824
Kansas	22,311,231	2,083,739	18,959,701	3,599,866	14,376,558
Kentucky	23,150,555	1,518,758	21,291,939	3,546,726	17,656,816
ouisiana	33,676,593	2,082,484	31,237,142	6,777,471	24,372,228
Maine	6,289,216	321,537	5,689,745	1,401,949	4,260,247
Anndand	53,705,070	3,758,926	49,399,937	0.612.218	39,635,961
Maryland		, ,	, ,	9,613,218	, ,
Massachusetts	74,782,325	7,627,065	65,886,427	14,814,422	50,882,053
/lichigan	69,923,907	6,995,836	61,815,465	9,225,019	52,326,607
Minnesota	78,697,313	16,425,423	60,616,202	7,165,207	53,178,174
/lississippi	10,868,707	831,147	9,694,782	2,549,002	7,102,222
	40.500.400				0.4 = 0.4 = 0.0
Missouri	48,568,138	5,856,652	41,318,394	6,569,225	34,534,596
Montana	4,522,680	233,053	4,162,514	1,334,174	2,793,269
Nebraska	19,043,258	6,059,918	12,789,791	2,160,646	9,505,703
Nevada	19,619,012	2,585,033	16,720,839	6,166,890	10,493,619
New Hampshire	9,304,200	518,388	8,645,552	2,031,657	6,586,993
<u> </u>					
New Jersey	121,678,423	23,953,254	95,509,850	16,336,590	78,810,366
New Mexico	8,346,154	385,770	7,834,905	2,141,605	5,664,393
lew York	244,672,914	47,570,367	193,080,524	44,145,388	148,211,767
North Carolina	75,903,684	19,019,478	55,985,002	9,845,584	45,908,349
lorth Dakota	3,659,740	326,497	3,269,312	795,609	2,457,599
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Ohio	105,772,774	15,366,420	89,380,642	11,307,562	77,742,896
Oklahoma	29,324,569	7,571,871	18,277,486	5,076,026	13,126,704
Dregon	23,466,608	2,071,364	20,983,913	4,926,920	15,967,629
Pennsylvania	112,368,286	13,889,582	94,902,268	16,484,302	78,043,241
Rhode Island	11,966,818	3,269,289	8,610,864	1,490,054	7,085,037
VIIOUG ISIAIIU	11,900,010	3,203,203	0,010,004	1,480,004	1,000,037
South Carolina	20,499,446	1,249,647	18,627,989	4,488,636	14,062,337
South Dakota	4,765,559	221,842	4,473,855	1,733,023	2,709,781
ennessee	47,746,721	5,535,542	40,921,831	7,088,820	33,648,852
exas	225,390,904	41,823,425	160,306,445	38,738,313	120,983,146
Jtah	15,063,650	1,247,866	12,852,454	3,270,010	9,518,603
/ermont	3,806,110	176,827	3,538,773	879,501	2,645,271
/irginia	61,989,886	8,018,601	53,285,420	11,741,162	40,778,364
Vashington	57,449,739	10,006,108	46,207,531	11,636,752	34,389,547
Vest Virginia	6,521,950	616,179	5,751,744		
				1,201,832	4,528,015
Visconsin	43,778,325	6,287,615	36,813,118	6,998,873	29,629,991
Vyoming	4,724,678	678,180	3,906,498	1,970,612	1,925,181
J.S. Armed Services overseas and					
erritories other than Puerto Rico	758,756	7,172	739,068	255,930	480,273
Puerto Rico	3,548,466	49,220	3,496,382	322,907	3,135,401
nternational	6,948,357	1,114,164	5,530,724	3,165,437	2,358,570
Indistributed [5]	7,231,419	-666,746	6,813,946	5,391,604	1,347,894
Adjustments and credits [6]	2,591,207	216,171	2,375,036	2,311,292	63,744
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		. ,	,
Inited States, total including					

Table 5. Internal Revenue Gross Collections, by Type of Tax and State, Fiscal Year 2007—Continued [Money amounts are in thousands of dollars.]

			_		
State	Railroad retirement tax	Unemployment insurance tax	Estate tax	Gift tax	Excise taxes
	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Inited States, total [4]	4,717,897	7,416,738	24,557,815	2,420,138	53,049,61
labama	1,870	81,172	214,784	32,895	154,00
laska	2,016	13,342	8,332	228	49,45
rizona	1,364	129,462	322,971	14,425	1,364,49
rkansas	2,208	151,907	146,964	3,463	639,93
alifornia	10,570	853,830	4,876,249	396,232	3,455,41
olorado	11,785	113,024	331,106	47,388	1,360,30
connecticut	4,061	88,650	482,288	71,175	382,99
Delaware	237	30,254	161,596	7,906	17,65
istrict of Columbia	328,205	17,622	176,295	14,111	61,82
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
lorida	681,313	444,907	1,833,565	182,441	781,93
Georgia	2,476	263,063	498,700	24,549	2,094,97
lawaii	[7]	23,755	93,328	2,997	130,88
				4,109	
daho	1,105	43,147	52,529		27,96
linois	197,089	348,523	899,995	90,358	1,758,89
diana	24,794	119,421	260,436	15,476	363,28
	8,338	58,925	150,853	1,655	134.48
owa onego					- , -
ansas	911,941	71,336	92,426	11,757	1,163,60
entucky	8,560	79,837	167,060	38,102	134,69
ouisiana	7,417	80,026	240,242	27,782	88,94
laine	4,964	22,585	96,677	6,957	174,29
	40.000	100 = 10	224.222		
laryland	12,039	138,719	384,902	55,991	105,31
lassachusetts	20,138	169,815	670,112	51,683	547,03
1ichigan	42,810	221,029	869,924	32,050	210,63
linnesota	73,198	199,624	257,687	42,490	1,355,51
lississippi	1,487	42,072	62,101	3,259	277,41
шолопри	1,101	12,072	02,101	0,200	
lissouri	66,858	147,714	295,731	25,751	1,071,61
Iontana	18,048	17,023	61,833	1,463	63,81
lebraska	1,078,188	45,254	83,829	29,052	80,66
levada	135	60,195	190,964	32,865	89,31
ew Hampshire	177	26,725	64,479	51,236	24,54
ew Hampshile	177	20,723	04,473	31,230	24,04
ew Jersey	109,129	253,764	781,808	94,696	1,338,81
lew Mexico	163	28,744	91,997	5,437	28,04
ew York	306,233	417,136	2,397,890	428,592	1,195,54
orth Carolina	5,079	225,990	489,090	27,816	382,29
		-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
orth Dakota	3,474	12,630	45,783	315	17,83
Phio	21,213	308,970	608,017	48,915	368,78
klahoma	1,829	72,925	172,848	6,873	3,295,49
				16,888	
regon	3,270	86,095	230,342		164,10
ennsylvania	62,819	311,906	903,381	60,103	2,612,95
hode Island	4	35,769	71,408	3,802	11,45
outh Carolina	-264	77,281	212,372	4,362	405,07
outh Dakota					
	16,779	14,272	35,553	6,684	27,62
ennessee	1,722	182,436	301,843	17,258	970,24
exas	17,417	567,568	1,473,490	218,194	21,569,35
tah	3,241	60,600	99,522	11,313	852,49
ermont	2,167	11 025	E7 011	2 056	20.04
		11,835	57,811	2,856	29,84
irginia	594,167	171,727	488,638	31,445	165,78
/ashington	5,654	175,577	514,966	46,458	674,67
est Virginia	425	21,473	32,906	2,952	118,16
/isconsin	36,974	147,281	304,332	34,983	338,27
/yoming	525	10,181	71,010	10,103	58,88
S. Armed Services overseas and		-, -	,	-,	
	_				
erritories other than Puerto Rico	0	2,865	1,755	1,706	9,05
uerto Rico	[7]	38,074	1,092	28	1,74
ternational	780	5,938	81,195	15,243	207,03
ndiatributad [E]	4 705				
ndistributed [5]	1,705	72,743	1,040,808	3,269	40,14
	•	0	0	0	
djustments and credits [6]	0	0	0		
djustments and credits [6] nited States, total including	Ü	0	0		

Table 5. Internal Revenue Gross Collections, by Type of Tax and State, Fiscal Year 2007—Continued

Footnotes

- [1] Includes tax-exempt organization business income taxes from "unrelated business income" (Form 990-T) and farmer's cooperatives (Form 990-C).
- [2] Collections of individual income tax are not reported by payers separately from old-age, survivors, disability, and hospital insurance (OASDHI) taxes on salaries and wages (under the Federal Insurance Contributions Act or FICA), and on self-employment income (under the Self-Employment Insurance Contributions Act or SECA).
- [3] Includes estate and trust income tax collections of \$21.5 billion.
- [4] Excludes adjustments and credits. See footnote 6.
- [5] Includes tax and excess withholding payments not classified by State as of the end of the fiscal year because they have not been applied to taxpayer accounts.
- [6] Includes Highway and Airport and Airways Trust funds adjustments totaling \$318,620 (thousands), of which \$216,171 (thousands) were for corporation income tax, and \$102,449 (thousands) were for individual income tax not withheld and SECA tax; \$2,208,843 (thousands) in excess Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA) credits; and \$63,744 (thousands) in advance earned income tax credits.
- [7] Less than \$500

NOTES: Gross collections exclude excise taxes paid to the Customs Service and the Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau.

Collection and refund data by State may not be comparable for a given fiscal year, because payments made in prior years may be refunded in the current fiscal year. Adjustments to prior years made in Fiscal Year 2007 may result in negative amounts when such adjustments exceed refunds. See Table 8 for refund data.

Classification by State is based on the individual's address (or, in the case of businesses, the location of the principal office or place of business). However, some individuals may use the address of a tax attorney or accountant, or, in the case of certain individuals who were sole proprietors, partners in a partnership, or shareholders in an S corporation, they may use the business address. Such addresses could have been located in a State other than the State in which the individual resided. Similarly, taxes withheld reported by employers located near a State boundary might include substantial amounts withheld from salaries of employees who reside in a neighboring State. Also, while taxes of corporations may be paid from the principal office, the operations of these corporations may be located in one or more other State(s).

Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

SOURCE: Chief Financial Officer, Revenue Financial Management OS:CFO:R

Table 6. Internal Revenue Gross Collections, by Type of Tax, Fiscal Years 1960-2007 [Money amounts are in thousands of dollars.]

			Income taxes					
Fiscal year	Total Internal Revenue collections	Total	Corporation income tax [1]	Individual income tax [2]	Employment taxes [3]	Estate taxes	Gift taxes	Excise taxes [4]
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1960	91,774,803	67,125,126	22,179,414	44,945,711	11,158,589	1,439,259	187,089	11,864,741
1961	94,401,086	67,917,941	21,764,940	46,153,001	12,502,451	1,745,480	170,912	12,064,302
962	99,440,839	71,945,305	21,295,711	50,649,594	12,708,171	1,796,227	238,960	12,752,176
963	105,925,395	75,323,714	22,336,134	52,987,581	15,004,486	1,971,614	215,843	13,409,737
964	112,260,257	78,891,218	24,300,863	54,590,354	17,002,504	2,110,992	305,312	13,950,232
965	114,434,634	79,792,016	26,131,334	53,660,683	17,104,306	2,454,332	291,201	14,792,779
966	128,879,961	92,131,794	30,834,243	61,297,552	20,256,133	2,646,968	446,954	13,398,112
967	148,374,815	104,288,420	34,917,825	69,370,595	26,958,241	2,728,580	285,826	14,113,748
968	153,636,838	108,148,565	29,896,520	78,252,045	28,085,898	2,710,254	371,725	14,320,396
969	187,919,560	135,778,052	38,337,646	97,440,406	33,068,657	3,136,691	393,373	15,542,787
970	195,722,096	138,688,568	35,036,983	103,651,585	37,449,188	3,241,321	438,755	15,904,264
971	191,647,198	131,072,374	30,319,953	100,752,421	39,918,690	3,352,641	431,642	16,871,851
972	209,855,737	143,804,732	34,925,546	108,879,186	43,714,001	5,126,522	363,447	16,847,036
973	237,787,204	164,157,315	39,045,309	125,112,006	52,081,709	4,338,924	636,938	16,572,318
974	268,952,254	184,648,094	41,744,444	142,903,650	62,093,632	4,659,825	440,849	17,109,853
975	293,822,726	202,146,097	45,746,660	156,399,437	70,140,809	4,312,657	375,421	16,847,741
976	302,519,792	205,751,753	46,782,956	158,968,797	74,202,853	4,875,735	431,730	17,257,720
976 [5]	75,462,780	49,567,484	9,808,905	39,758,579	19,892,041	1,367,935	117,312	4,518,008
977	358,139,417	246,805,067	60,049,804	186,755,263	86,076,316	5,649,460	1,775,866	17,832,707
978	399,776,389	278,438,289	65,380,145	213,058,144	97,291,653	5,242,080	139,419	18,664,949
979	460,412,185	322,993,733	71,447,876	251,545,857	112,849,874	5,344,176	174,899	19,049,504
980	519,375,273	359,927,392	72,379,610	287,547,782	128,330,480	6,282,247	216,134	24,619,021
981	606,799,103	406,583,302	73,733,156	332,850,146	152,885,816	6,694,641	215,745	40,419,598
982	632,240,506	418,599,768	65,990,832	352,608,936	168,717,936	8,035,335	108,038	36,779,428
983	627,246,793	411,407,523	61,779,556	349,627,967	173,847,854	6,077,202	148,675	35,765,538
984	680,475,229	437,071,049	74,179,370	362,891,679	199,210,028	6,024,985	151,682	38,017,486
985	742,871,541	474,072,327	77,412,769	396,659,558	225,214,568	6,303,418	276,284	37,004,944
986	782,251,812	497,406,391	80,441,620	416,964,771	243,978,380	6,814,417	380,538	33,672,086
987	886,290,590	568,311,471	102,858,985	465,452,486	277,000,469	7,164,681	502,989	33,310,980
988	935,106,594	583,349,120	109,682,554	473,666,566	318,038,990	7,348,679	435,766	25,934,040
989	1,013,322,133	632,746,069	117,014,564	515,731,504	345,625,586	8,143,689	829,457	25,977,333
990	1,056,365,652	650,244,947	110,016,539	540,228,408	367,219,321	9,633,736	2,128,202	27,139,445
991	1,086,851,401	660,475,445	113,598,569	546,876,876	384,451,220	10,237,247	1,235,894	30,451,596
992	1,120,799,558	675,673,952	117,950,796	557,723,156	400,080,904	10,411,450	1,067,666	33,565,587
993	1,176,685,625	717,321,668	131,547,509	585,774,159	411,510,516	11,433,495	1,457,470	34,962,476
994	1,276,466,776	774,023,837	154,204,684	619,819,153	443,831,352	13,500,126	2,106,667	43,004,794
995	1,375,731,835	850,201,510	174,422,173	675,779,337	465,405,305	13,326,051	1,818,343	44,980,627
996	1,486,546,674	934,368,068	189,054,791	745,313,276	492,365,178	15,350,591	2,241,226	42,221,611
997	1,623,272,071	1,029,513,216	204,492,336	825,020,880	528,596,833	17,595,484	2,760,917	44,805,621
998	1,769,408,739	1,141,335,868	213,270,011	928,065,857	557,799,193	21,314,933	3,316,029	45,642,716
999	1,904,151,888	1,218,510,654	216,324,889	1,002,185,765	598,669,865	23,627,320	4,758,287	58,585,763
000	2,096,916,925	1,372,732,596	235,654,894	1,137,077,702	639,651,814	25,618,377	4,103,243	54,810,895
2001	2,128,831,182	1,364,941,523	186,731,643	1,178,209,880	682,222,895	25,289,663	3,958,253	52,418,848
2002	2,016,627,269	1,249,171,681	211,437,773	1,037,733,908	688,077,238	25,532,186	1,709,329	52,136,835
.003	1,952,929,045	1,181,355,176	194,146,298	987,208,878	695,975,801	20,887,883	1,939,025	52,771,160
2004	2,018,502,103	1,220,868,119	230,619,359	990,248,760	717,247,296	24,130,143	1,449,319	54,807,225
2005	2,268,895,122	1,414,595,831	307,094,837	1,107,500,994	771,441,662	23,565,164	2,040,367	57,252,098
2006	2,518,680,230	1,617,183,944	380,924,573	1,236,259,371	814,819,218	26,717,493	1,970,032	57,989,543
2007	2,691,537,557	1,761,777,263	395,535,825	1,366,241,437	849,732,729	24,557,815	2,420,138	53,049,612

Table 6. Internal Revenue Gross Collections, by Type of Tax, Fiscal Years 1960-2007—Continued

Footnotes

- [1] Includes tax-exempt organization business income taxes from "unrelated business income" (Form 990-T) and farmer's cooperatives (Form 990-C).
- [2] Includes income tax on estates and trusts.
- [3] Includes taxes for old-age, survivors, disability, and hospital insurance (OASDHI), unemployment insurance, and railroad retirement.
- [4] Excludes excise taxes on alcohol, tobacco, firearms and ammunition, and certain occupations collected by the Customs Service and the Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau. The Internal Revenue Service collected taxes on alcohol and tobacco until Fiscal Year 1988, and taxes on firearms until Fiscal Year 1991.
- [5] Represents fiscal year transitional period, July through September 1976, resulting from fiscal year redefinition. Fiscal Year 1976 covered July 1975 through June 1976 (earlier years were similarly defined). Fiscal Year 1977 covered October 1976 through September 1977 (subsequent years are similarly defined).

NOTES: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding. Data include adjustments and credits.

SOURCE: Chief Financial Officer, Revenue Financial Management OS:CFO:R

Table 7. Number of Internal Revenue Refunds Issued, by State, Fiscal Year 2007

			Number of refunds of—					
State	Total Internal Revenue refunds [1]	Corporation income tax [2]	Individual income tax [3]	Employment taxes [4]	Estate tax	Gift tax	Excise taxes	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
United States, total	117,776,589	877,815	114,475,957	2,264,605	14,430	3,488	140,294	
Alabama	1,756,237	8,725	1,712,491	32,886	130	19	1,986	
Alaska	271,377	1,529	260,908	8,353	d	d	561	
Arizona	2,154,316	11,780	2,099,448	40,953	195	62	1,878	
Arkansas	1,010,190	7,284	980,239	21,329	56	11	1,271	
California	13,138,620	93,630	12,771,622	255,979	2,790	468	14,131	
Colorado	1,802,980	17,674	1,741,587	41,365	195	36	2,123	
Connecticut	1,411,364	9,784	1,373,091	26,500	400	90	1,499	
Delaware	350,505	3,212	340,185	6,532	47	11	518	
District of Columbia	241,142	1,701	233,470	5,479	72	17	403	
Florida	7,464,372	61,192	7,209,545	183,954	1,037	358	8,286	
Georgia	3,553,883	22,793	3,458,780	68,205	259	66	3,780	
Hawaii	528,506	3,537	514,212	10,266	85	21	385	
ldaho	534,149	5,285	512,394	15,586	45	12	827	
Illinois	5,099,002	44,195	4,960,124	87,085	636	106	6,856	
Indiana	2,606,998	18,814	2,547,208	38,025	162	50	2,739	
lowa	1,130,901	14,725	1,094,370	19,371	76	8	2,351	
Kansas	1,067,695	10,307	1,035,078	20,668	66	21	1,555	
Kentucky	1,578,598	9,123	1,542,636	24,773	90	13	1,963	
Louisiana	1,701,527	11,134	1,649,306	39,111	142	45	1,789	
Maine	534,594	4,899	519,696	9,355	78	19	547	
Maryland	2,269,208	15,583	2,211,783	39,435	296	75	2,036	
Massachusetts	2,590,783	20,442	2,527,913	39,067	512	98	2,751	
Michigan	4,033,217	34,819	3,932,648	61,087	340	77	4,246	
Minnesota	2,101,969	24,212	2,038,860	34,876	197	92	3,732	
Mississippi	1,079,048	6,621	1,049,722	21,372	45	15	1,273	
Missouri	2,314,625	18,676	2,249,729	42,439	204	45	3,532	
Montana	377,653	6,381	359,725	10,836	52	6	653	
Nebraska	694,500	9,162	669,216	14,414	45	37	1,626	
Nevada	1,046,295	8,364	1,016,181	20,595	110	28	1,017	
New Hampshire	524,223	4,839	508,036	10,741	71	22	514	
New Jersey	3,303,648	26,681	3,203,533	68,733	613	122	3,966	
New Mexico	751,231	3,830	731,350	15,287	57	17	690	
New York	7,478,787	56,762	7,251,076	160,949	1,488	535	7,977	
North Carolina	3,374,692	23,593	3,286,006	60,270	275	61	4,487	
North Dakota	252,597	3,622	242,513	5,872	16	7	567	
Ohio					420	02	F 664	
Ohio Oklahoma	4,712,997 1,291,304	29,651 9,803	4,614,496 1,252,895	62,673 26,992	420 91	93 18	5,664 1,505	
Oregon	1,365,699	13,204	1,321,742	28,768	185	38	1,762	
Pennsylvania	5,163,673	34,341	5,048,613	74,646	480	108	5,485	
Rhode Island	448,088	3,763	438,457	5,244	70	12	542	
			,					
South Carolina	1,653,511	9,536	1,611,088	31,044	112	13	1,718	
South Dakota	308,455	4,406	295,901	7,555	22 173	8	563	
Tennessee Texas	2,384,597 8,731,147	10,766 48,852	2,324,343 8,477,655	46,642 191,241	173 770	39 234	2,634 12,395	
Utah	916,179	7,809	886,458	20,863	50	4	12,395	
Vermont	267,016	3,310	257,068	6,210	42	5	381	
Virginia	3,031,366	21,298	2,949,415	56,999	378	63	3,213	
Washington	2,554,579	19,259	2,470,169	61,757	303	68	3,023	
West Virginia	681,951	3,176	665,690	12,095	29	13	948	
Wisconsin	2,299,746	24,224	2,235,628	36,450	170	51	3,223	
Wyoming	218,044	2,898	207,459	7,302	30	20	335	
U.S. Armed Services overseas and								
Territories other than Puerto Rico	210,428	176	207,482	2,705	13	8	44	
Puerto Rico	232,273	387	210,922	20,912	16	4	32	
International	339,753	5,994	329,870	2,410	163	15	1,301	
Undistributed [5]	836,351	52	835,925	349	d	d	16	
	16,220,651	N/A	16,220,651	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Child tax credit [6]	16 220 661							

Table 7. Number of Internal Revenue Refunds Issued, by State, Fiscal Year 2007—Continued

Footnotes

d—Not shown to avoid disclosure of information about specific taxpayers. However, the data are included in the appropriate totals.

N/A-Not applicable.

- [1] Represents refundable earned income tax credits, refundable child tax credits, overpayment refunds, refunds resulting from examination activity, and other refunds required by law.
- [2] Includes refunds of tax on business income of tax-exempt organizations.
- [3] Includes 0.3 million refunds of estate and trust income taxes.
- [4] Includes refunds of and credits for old-age, survivors, disability, and hospital insurance (OASDHI), taxes on salaries and wages under the Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA), except for excess credits, and on self-employment income under the Self-Employment Insurance Contributions Act (SECA), as well as for railroad retirement taxes under the Railroad Retirement Tax Act (RRTA) and unemployment taxes under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act (FUTA).
- [5] Includes tax and excess withholding payments not classified by State as of the end of the fiscal year because they have not been applied to taxpayer accounts.
- [6] Reflects refundable portions of credits only. Shown separately for informational purposes; counts are included in the State figures and U.S. totals.

NOTES: The telephone excise tax refund was a one-time refund of excise tax paid on long distance telephone calls billed between February 28, 2003, and August 1, 2006. In FY 2007, 94,103,804 telephone excise tax refunds were issued, of which 608,907 were issued to corporations, and 93,494,897 were issued to individuals.

Classification by State is based on the individual's address (or, in the case of businesses, the location of the principal office or place of business). However, some individuals may use the address of a tax attorney or accountant, or, in the case of certain individuals who were sole proprietors, partners in a partnership, or shareholders in an S corporation, they may use the business address. Such addresses could have been located in a State other than the State in which the individual resided. Similarly, taxes withheld reported by employers located near a State boundary might include substantial amounts withheld from salaries of employees who reside in a neighboring State. Also, while taxes of corporations may be paid from the principal office, the operations of these corporations may be located in one or more other State(s).

SOURCE: Chief Financial Officer, Revenue Financial Management OS:CFO:R

Table 8. Amount of Internal Revenue Refunds Issued, Including Interest, by State, Fiscal Year 2007

[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars.]

tion Individual inc (1, 3) (3) 494 248,625,00 006 3,817,01 334 546,88 667 4,556,56 338 2,036,04 461 30,503,66 3,670,89 250 791,22 551 609,40 16,710,74	taxes [4] (4) 9,471,064 12 30,281 18 8,166 68 40,473 18 18,127 69 355,319 00 56,267	tax (5) 922,142 11,026 d 16,074 23,936 166,416	Gift tax (6) 47,189 81 d 744	Excise taxes (7) 2,020,759 6,671 1,198 12,868	Telephone excise tax [5] (8) 3,363,490 53,548
(3) 494 248,625,00 63,817,01 634 546,88 667 4,556,56 338 2,036,04 661 30,503,66 301 3,670,89 950 3,352,29 250 791,22 651 609,40 996 16,710,74 950 7,773,88	(4) 9,471,064 12 30,281 18 8,166 58 40,473 18 18,127 59 355,319 00 56,267	(5) 922,142 11,026 d 16,074 23,936 166,416	(6) 47,189 81 d 744	(7) 2,020,759 6,671 1,198	(8) 3,363,490
494 248,625,00 006 3,817,01 534 546,88 567 4,556,56 338 2,036,04 461 30,503,66 301 3,670,89 250 3,352,29 250 791,22 551 609,40 296 16,710,74 2950 7,773,88	9,471,064 12 30,281 188 8,166 58 40,473 18 18,127 59 355,319 90 56,267	922,142 11,026 d 16,074 23,936 166,416	47,189 81 d 744 9	2,020,759 6,671 1,198	3,363,490
006 3,817,01 034 546,88 067 4,556,56 038 2,036,04 0461 30,503,66 0301 3,670,89 050 3,352,29 050 791,22 051 609,40 0996 16,710,74 050 7,773,88	12 30,281 38 8,166 58 40,473 48 18,127 59 355,319	11,026 d 16,074 23,936 166,416	81 d 744 9	6,671 1,198	
634 546,88 667 4,556,56 338 2,036,04 461 30,503,66 301 3,670,89 950 3,352,29 250 791,22 551 609,40 996 16,710,74 950 7,773,88	88 8,166 68 40,473 48 18,127 69 355,319 90 56,267	d 16,074 23,936 166,416	d 744 9	1,198	53 548
634 546,88 667 4,556,56 338 2,036,04 461 30,503,66 301 3,670,89 950 3,352,29 250 791,22 551 609,40 996 16,710,74 950 7,773,88	88 8,166 68 40,473 48 18,127 69 355,319 90 56,267	d 16,074 23,936 166,416	d 744 9	1,198	
338 2,036,04 461 30,503,66 301 3,670,89 950 3,352,29 250 791,22 551 609,40 996 16,710,74	18,127 59 355,319 90 56,267	23,936 166,416	9	12,868	6,579
461 30,503,66 301 3,670,89 950 3,352,29 250 791,22 551 609,40 996 16,710,74 950 7,773,88	355,319 90 56,267	166,416			57,362
301 3,670,89 950 3,352,29 250 791,22 651 609,40 996 16,710,74 950 7,773,88	90 56,267		7.070	124,267	29,230
950 3,352,29 250 791,22 951 609,40 996 16,710,74 950 7,773,88			7,679	133,444	369,495
950 3,352,29 250 791,22 951 609,40 996 16,710,74 950 7,773,88		10,253	190	65,524	50,029
250 791,22 651 609,40 996 16,710,74 950 7,773,88			2,520	63,355	42,234
996 16,710,74 950 7,773,88			11	1,648	10,011
950 7,773,88			245	1,933	6,205
	14 194,841	86,952	3,994	109,033	209,882
	81,955	12,774	354	51,882	102,055
178 992,08			8	4,794	15,446
392,30 309 959,39	99 13,513		1,876	1,752	15,054
366 11,698,49			2,725	97,748	155,893
335 5,219,94			224	8,870	77,320
073 2,067,22			24	10,668	35,631
358 1,968,89			70 42	20,548	31,195
140 3,128,12 715 4,050,11			1,355	7,875 3,963	45,207 54,747
715 4,050,11 686 924,83			1,355	2,259	14,318
154 5,218,56			1,679	10,032	63,445
126 5,798,44			318	22,319	72,985
8,107,21			821	49,236	123,347
741 3,849,51			721	67,840	63,159
274 2,459,10	7 12,557	1,724	95	8,265	32,396
780 4,388,54	41,711	13,179	557	26,404	68,764
190 606,26			15	1,456	10,109
711 1,265,39			180	16,951	21,310
530 2,477,34			878	3,932	27,668
096 1,111,25	55 6,992	2,509	541	2,549	14,971
202 8,241,16	35 178,616	44,820	2,857	94,530	104,842
371 1,393,40	05 11,412	2,020	315	1,283	19,364
785 17,457,86	347,996	100,957	4,494	169,877	225,959
947 6,772,57	73 83,163	10,860	361	30,877	99,798
982 408,79	93 2,851	6,733	[7]	1,490	7,227
9,250,23	31 72,484	21,788	1,167	64,906	131,971
141 2,485,54			165	73,650	37,133
306 2,413,56		8,952	210	9,383	35,671
003 10,174,78			3,184	53,314	153,468
359 913,04	1,012	2,968	86	11,252	13,583
3,248,43	36 24,287	8 578	25	4,939	17 100
507 540,96			25 24	4,902	47,499 9,157
171 4,921,09			442	32,427	66,779
115 19,981,92			2,851	256,337	246,590
102 1,784,91			156	29,529	25,983
622 452,59			-6	723	7,115
782 6,630,00			909	29,763	82,799
5,235,72 734 1,274,58			636 270	50,320 1,609	67,798 18,018
149 4,132,32			745	18,301	69,165
393 418,93			61	5,066	5,669
	2,011	1,000	- 01	5,000	5,003
770	10 00==				,
778 446,11			55	44	4,133
951 363,19			0	20	694
845,34			134	2,367	28
309 -1,821,52	24 6,506,416	d	d	134,565	3,448
	2,219,600	0	0	1,506,515	0
147 16,45	93 N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	74 N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A 16,137,09			47 189	3,527,274	3,363,490
3	147 16,45 N/A 16,137,09	147 16,453 2,219,600 N/A 16,137,093 N/A N/A 38,205,774 N/A	147 16,453 2,219,600 0 N/A 16,137,093 N/A N/A N/A 38,205,774 N/A N/A	147 16,453 2,219,600 0 0 N/A 16,137,093 N/A N/A N/A	147 16,453 2,219,600 0 0 1,506,515 N/A 16,137,093 N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A 38,205,774 N/A N/A N/A N/A

Table 8. Amount of Internal Revenue Refunds Issued, Including Interest, by State, Fiscal Year 2007—Continued

Footnotes

d—Not shown to avoid disclosure of information about specific taxpayers. However, the data are included in the appropriate totals.

N/A-Not applicable

- [1] Includes overpayment refunds, refunds resulting from examination activity, refundable earned income tax credits, refundable child tax credits, and other refunds required by law. Also includes \$3.8 billion in interest, of which \$1.8 billion were paid to corporations, \$1.1 billion to individuals, and \$0.9 billion to all others (related to employment, estate, gift, and excise tax returns).
- [2] Includes \$1.9 billion (including interest of \$65.1 million) in fiduciary and partnership refunds. The average individual income tax refund (based on Forms 1040, 1040A, and 1040EZ) was \$2,229.
- [3] Includes refunds of tax on business income of tax-exempt organizations.
- [4] Includes refunds of and credits for old-age, survivors, disability, and hospital insurance (OASDHI) taxes on salaries and wages under the Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA), except for excess credits, and on self-employment income under the Self-Employment Insurance Contributions Act (SECA), as well as for railroad retirement taxes under the Railroad Retirement Tax Act (RRTA) and unemployment taxes under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act (FUTA).
- [5] The telephone excise tax refund was a one-time refund of excise tax paid on long distance telephone calls billed between February 28, 2003, and August 1, 2006. In FY 2007, telephone excise tax refunds totaling \$286,062 (thousands) were issued to corporations and \$3,077,428 (thousands) were issued to individuals.
- [6] Excludes refund adjustments and credits. See footnote 9.
- [7] Less than \$500.
- [8] Includes tax and excess withholding payments not classified by State as of the end of the fiscal year because they have not been applied to taxpayer accounts.
- [9] Includes Highway and Airport and Airways Trust funds adjustments totaling \$316,574 (thousands), of which -\$809,147 (thousands) were for corporation income tax, and \$16,453 (thousands) were for individual income tax, and \$1,109,268 (thousands) were for excise taxes; employment tax credits of \$2,219,600 (thousands) under the excess Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA); and excise taxes of \$397,247 (thousands) collected by the U.S. Customs Service and Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau. Counts of refund adjustments and credits are not available, and are excluded from the total number of refunds in Table 7.
- [10] Reflects refundable portions of the credits only. Shown separately for informational purposes; refund amounts are included in the State figures and U.S. totals.

NOTES: Collection and refund data by State may not be comparable for a given fiscal year, because payments made in prior years may be refunded in the current fiscal year. Adjustments to prior years made in Fiscal Year 2007 may result in negative amounts when such adjustments exceed refunds. See Table 5 for collections data.

Classification by State is based on the individual's address (or, in the case of businesses, the location of the principal office or place of business). However, some individuals may use the address of a tax attorney or accountant, or, in the case of certain individuals who were sole proprietors, partners in a partnership, or shareholders in an S corporation, they may use the business address. Such addresses could have been located in a State other than the State in which the individual resided. Similarly, taxes withheld reported by employers located near a State boundary might include substantial amounts withheld from salaries of employees who reside in a neighboring State. Also, while taxes of corporations may be paid from the principal office, the operations of these corporations may be located in one or more other State(s).

Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

SOURCE: Chief Financial Officer, Revenue Financial Management OS:CFO:R

Enforcement

Examinations

ables 9 through 12 provide information about examinations of most types of tax returns. Table 9 provides an overview of examinations of income tax returns, estate and gift tax returns, employment tax returns, excise tax returns, and certain other business tax returns. Table 10 provides additional information about those examinations in which the taxpayer did not agree with the IRS examiner's determination. Table 11 provides information on examinations that prevented the erroneous payment of refunds. Table 12 shows the number of examinations that resulted in additional refunds paid to the taxpayer and the amount of refunds recommended.

Table 13 provides information about examinations of tax-exempt organizations, such as charitable organizations and foundations, and employee retirement plans. These organizations generally do not owe Federal income tax. However, tax-exempt organizations may owe additional payroll taxes, unrelated business income tax, or excise taxes. In addition, changes to exempt organization returns may lead to adjustments on related taxable returns. Examinations of related returns are also included in Table 13 (and excluded from Tables 9 through 12).

Table 9. Examination Coverage: Recommended and Average Recommended Additional Tax After Examination, by Type and Size of Return, Fiscal Year 2007

			Returns examined			
Type and size of return	Returns filed in Calendar Year 2006 [1]	Total	Percentage covered	Field [2]	Correspondence	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
United States, total	179.419.771	1,550,922	0.9	449,215	1,101,707	
Taxable returns:	-, -,	, , .		., .	, , , ,	
Individual income tax returns, total	134,542,879	[3] 1,384,563	1.0	311,339	1,073,224	
Returns with TPI under \$200,000 [4]:						
Nonbusiness returns without earned income tax credit:						
Selected nonbusiness returns [5]	76,729,589	297,545	0.4	55,131	242,414	
With Schedule E or Form 2106 [6]	14,158,305	165,137	1.2	40,498	124,639	
Business and nonbusiness returns	11,100,000	100,107		10,100	121,000	
with earned income tax credit						
by size of TGR [7,8]:						
Under \$25,000	21,613,857	[9] 400,206	1.9	10,908	389,298	
\$25,000 or more	1,404,507	[9] 135,850	9.7	33,928	101,922	
Business returns without						
earned income tax credit:						
Nonfarm business returns by size of TGR [7]:	40.050.000	404.000	4.0	F2 000	04.007	
Under \$25,000 \$25,000 under \$100,000	10,356,000	134,329	1.3	53,092 31,363	81,237	
\$25,000 under \$100,000 \$100,000 under \$200,000	3,076,877 912,280	62,876 56,327	2.0 6.2	28,286	31,513 28,041	
\$200,000 under \$200,000 \$200,000 or more	698,893	13,049	1.9	11,319	1,730	
Farm returns	1,528,390	5,705	0.4	3,033	2,672	
Returns with TPI at least \$200,000	.,020,000	5,700	J. 1	5,550	2,012	
and under \$1,000,000:						
Nonbusiness returns	2,482,382	48,944	2.0	13,882	35,062	
Business returns	1,121,182	32,779	2.9	17,499	15,280	
Returns with TPI of \$1,000,000 or more	339,138	31,382	9.3	12,259	19,123	
International returns [10]	121,479	434	0.4	141	293	
Corporation income tax returns,						
except Form 1120S, total [11]	2,256,485	30,004	1.3	27,972	2,032	
Returns other than Form 1120-F [12]:	0.474.444	20.020	0.0	40.202	4.740	
Small corporations [13] No balance sheet returns	2,171,144 402,915	20,020	0.9	18,302 1,719	1,718 467	
Balance sheet returns by size	402,915	2,100	0.5	1,719	407	
of total assets:						
Under \$250,000	1,183,402	9,038	0.8	8,131	907	
\$250,000 under \$1,000,000	372,953	4,836	1.3	4,671	165	
\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	181,442	3,032	1.7	2,896	136	
\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	30,432	928	3.0	885	43	
Large corporations [14]	57,357	9,644	16.8	9,376	268	
Balance sheet returns by size						
of total assets:						
\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	29,869	4,473	15.0	4,398	75	
\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	7,057	801	11.4	766	35	
\$100,000,000 under \$250,000,000 \$250,000,000 under \$500,000,000	7,847 4,438	946 634	12.1	904 580	42 54	
\$500,000,000 under \$1,000,000,000	3,163	584	14.3 18.5	573	11	
\$1,000,000,000 under \$5,000,000,000	3,644	1,152	31.6	1,116	36	
\$5,000,000,000 under \$20,000,000,000	965	607	62.9	596	11	
\$20,000,000,000 and above	374	447	[15] 119.5	443	4	
Form 1120-F returns [12]	27,984	340	1.2	294	46	
Estate and trust income tax returns	3,751,386	4,544	0.1	1,235	3,309	
Estate tax returns:						
Total	59,978	4,616	7.7	4,616	0	
Size of gross estate:						
Under \$5,000,000	51,940	3,017	5.8	3,017	0	
\$5,000,000 or more	8,038	1,599	19.9	1,599	0	
Gift tax returns	264,315	1,490	0.6	1,490	15 000	
Employment tax returns	30,803,939	56,738 36,018	0.2 4.0	40,748	15,990	
Excise tax returns Other taxable returns [16]	896,462 [17]	36,018 1,460	[17]	34,520 1,442	1,498 18	
Nontaxable returns:	[17]	1,400	[17]	1,774	10	
Partnership returns, Form 1065	2,934,597	12,195	0.4	8,871	3,324	
S corporation returns, Form 1120S [18]	3,909,730	17,657	0.5	16,792	865	
Estate and trust returns, Form 1041	[17]	1,637	[17]	190	1,447	
Income, estate, and gift tax,						
and nontaxable returns, total	147,719,370	1,456,706	1.0	372,505	1,084,201	

Table 9. Examination Coverage: Recommended and Average Recommended Additional Tax After Examination, by Type and Size of Return, Fiscal Year 2007—Continued

		je of returns rith no change		commended additional tax (thousands of dollars)		Average recomn tax per reti	nended additior urn (dollars)
Type and size of return	Field [2]	Corres- pondence	Total	Field [2]	Corres- pondence	Field [2]	Corres- pondence
	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
United States, total	[17]	[17]	44,370,539	34,810,837	9,559,702	77,493	8,677
Taxable returns:	[]	11	1 1,01 0,000	0 1,0 10,001	0,000,.02	,	5,511
Individual income tax returns, total	12	16	[19] 15,705,155	6,357,090	9,348,065	20,419	8,710
Returns with TPI under \$200,000 [4]:							
Nonbusiness returns without							
earned income tax credit:							
Selected nonbusiness returns [5]	17	21	1,184,446	524,884	659,562	9,521	2,721
With Schedule E or Form 2106 [6]	7	10	759,884	283,176	476,708	6,992	3,825
Business and nonbusiness returns							
with earned income tax credit by size of TGR [7,8]:							
Under \$25,000	12	15	1,264,786	52,524	1,212,262	4,815	3,114
\$25,000 or more	9	8	501,977	215,749	286,228	6,359	2,808
Business returns without	<u>J</u>		301,377	210,740	200,220	0,000	2,000
earned income tax credit:							
Nonfarm business returns by size of TGR [7]:							
Under \$25,000	8	14	1,154,236	256,753	897,483	4,836	11,048
\$25,000 under \$100,000	10	13	569,858	198,210	371,648	6,320	11,793
\$100,000 under \$200,000	9	5	1,610,565	695,318	915,247	24,582	32,640
\$200,000 or more	18	42	192,777	180,638	12,139	15,959	7,017
Farm returns	18	42	41,207	27,923	13,284	9,206	4,972
Returns with TPI at least \$200,000							
and under \$1,000,000:							
Nonbusiness returns	18	37	1,298,718	382,911	915,807	27,583	26,120
Business returns	20	33	875,821	365,373	510,448	20,880	33,406
Returns with TPI of \$1,000,000 or more	24 28	28	6,250,049	3,173,070	3,076,979	258,836	160,905 922
International returns [10]	20	15	831	561	270	3,979	922
Corporation income tax returns, except Form 1120S, total [11]	34	41	25,741,487	25,688,088	53,399	918,350	26,280
Returns other than Form 1120-F [12]:	J 4	71	23,741,407	25,000,000	33,333	910,330	20,200
Small corporations [13]	38	37	693,890	690,773	3,117	37,743	1,814
No balance sheet returns	25	29	194,092	193,730	362	112,699	775
Balance sheet returns by size			. ,	,		,	
of total assets:							
Under \$250,000	40	32	204,223	202,753	1,470	24,936	1,621
\$250,000 under \$1,000,000	38	48	111,598	111,243	355	23,816	2,152
\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	41	70	135,273	134,437	836	46,422	6,147
\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	41	74	48,704	48,610	94	54,927	2,186
Large corporations [14]	29	58	24,942,449	24,892,167	50,282	2,654,881	187,619
Balance sheet returns by size							
of total assets:	00	50	000.070	054.044	45.050	70.000	000 707
\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	36 28	59	396,970	351,311	45,659	79,880	608,787
\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000		49	85,295	84,987	308	110,949	8,800
\$100,000,000 under \$250,000,000 \$250,000,000 under \$500,000,000	24	50 50	319,619 665,368	315,963 664,802	3,656 566	349,517 1,146,210	87,048 10,481
\$500,000,000 under \$1,000,000,000	20	82	418,922	418,917	5	731,094	455
\$1,000,000,000 under \$5,000,000,000	13	64	3,912,331	3,912,331	0	3,505,673	0
\$5,000,000,000 under \$20,000,000,000	10	82	5,070,726	5,070,638	88	8,507,782	8,000
\$20,000,000,000 and above	7	25	14,073,218	14,073,218	0	31,767,986	0,000
Form 1120-F returns [12]	47	98	105,148	105,148	0	357,646	0
Estate and trust income tax returns	21	74	149,075	145,620	3,455	117,911	1,044
Estate tax returns:			,	, .	,		,
Total	14	N/A	1,147,801	1,147,801	0	248,657	N/A
Size of gross estate:							
Under \$5,000,000	14	N/A	297,267	297,267	0	98,531	N/A
\$5,000,000 or more	14	N/A	850,534	850,534	0	531,916	N/A
Gift tax returns	21	N/A	230,833	230,833	0	154,921	N/A
Employment tax returns	13	5	907,852	753,995	153,857	18,504	9,622
Excise tax returns	9	68	235,841	234,915	926	6,805	618
Other taxable returns [16]	28	83	252,495	252,495	0	175,101	0
Nontaxable returns:		70		****		****	
Partnership returns, Form 1065	44	73	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
S corporation returns, Form 1120S [18]	36	66	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Estate and trust returns, Form 1041	67	83	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Income, estate, and gift tax, and nontaxable returns, total	16	17	42,974,351	33,569,432	9,404,919	90,118	8,675
una nomanabie ietuine, total	10	17	74,374,331	33,303,432	3,404,313	30,110	0,010

Table 9. Examination Coverage: Recommended and Average Recommended Additional Tax After Examination, by Type and Size of Return, Fiscal Year 2007—Continued

Footnotes

N/A-Not applicable.

- [1] In general, examination activity is associated with returns filed in the previous calendar year. However, this relationship is only approximate.
- [2] Field examinations are generally performed by revenue agents, tax compliance officers, tax examiners, and revenue officer examiners, in person or by correspondence.
- [3] Includes 503,267 returns selected for examination on the basis of an earned income tax credit (EITC) claim. Excludes 5,607 returns associated with the earned income tax credit qualifying child certification test, which are tracked in IRS's examination database.
- [4] In general, TPI (total positive income) is the sum of all positive amounts shown for the various sources of income reported on the individual income tax return and, thus, excludes net losses. Examinations of individual income tax returns are shown in this table by: TPI of under \$200,000; TPI of at least \$200,000 and under \$1,000,000; and TPI of \$1,000,000 or more.
- [5] Includes returns without a Schedule C (nonfarm sole proprietorship), Schedule E (supplemental income and loss), Schedule F (profit or loss from farming), or Form 2106 (employee business expenses).
- [6] Includes returns with a Schedule E (supplemental income and loss) or Form 2106 (employee business expenses). Excludes returns with a Schedule C (nonfarm sole proprietorship) or Schedule F (profit or loss from farming).
- [7] TGR (total gross receipts) is the sum of gross receipts from farm and nonfarm businesses. It is calculated by adding the positive values of gross receipts and other income from Schedule C to the cost of purchased items and gross income (which can be positive or negative) from Schedule F. Schedule C is used to report profit or loss from nonfarm sole proprietorships. Schedule F is used to report profit or loss from farming. If a taxpayer reports both farm and nonfarm income, the return is classified by the larger source of income.
- [8] Includes both business and nonbusiness returns with an earned income tax credit claim. These returns are classified by size of total gross receipts (TGR). Returns are classified as business if they have a Schedule C (nonfarm sole proprietorship) or Schedule F (profit or loss from farming) and TGR is greater than total positive income (TPI). Returns are classified as nonbusiness returns if TGR is less than TPI. See footnotes 4 and 7.
- [9] Includes returns with an earned income tax credit (EITC) claim. These returns were selected for examination on the basis of an EITC claim or on other selection criteria.
- [10] Includes Forms 1040PR (self-employment tax form for Puerto Rico) and 1040-SS (self-employment tax form for U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands).
- [11] Includes Forms 1120 ("long form"); 1120-A ("short form"); 1120-F (foreign corporation, except foreign life insurance company); 1120-H (homeowner association); 1120-L (life insurance company); 1120M (mutual insurance company); 1120-PC (property and casualty insurance company); 1120-POL (certain political association); 1120-REIT (real estate investment trust); 1120-RIC (regulated investment company); and 1120-SF (settlement fund). Excludes certain other types of corporations, which are included in "other taxable returns" described in footnote 16.
- [12] Form 1120-F is filed by a foreign corporation with U.S. income, other than a foreign life insurance company and foreign sales corporation.
- [13] Includes returns with assets of less than \$10 million examined by either the Small Business/Self-Employed Operating Division or the Large and Mid-Size Business Operating Division.
- [14] Includes returns with assets of \$10 million or more examined by either the Small Business/Self-Employed Operating Division or the Large and Mid-Size Business Operating Division.
- [15] The percentage of returns examined may be greater than 100 percent of the returns filed in Calendar Year 2006 since examinations may be conducted on returns filed in prior calendar years.
- [16] Includes Forms 1120S for an S corporation reporting a tax (see footnote 18); 1120-FSC (foreign sales corporation); 8288 (withholding tax return for disposition by foreign persons of U.S. property interests); 990-C (farmers' cooperative association); and 8804 (partnership withholding).
- [17] Not tabulated.
- [18] Includes most Forms 1120S, which are filed by qualifying S corporations electing to be taxed through shareholders. Under certain conditions, S corporations are subject to tax and are included in "other taxable returns" in this table.
- [19] Includes \$1,494,377 (thousands) in recommended additional tax (including earned income tax credit) on returns selected for examination on the basis of an earned income tax credit (EITC) claim. Excludes \$12,223 (thousands) in denied EITC related to the qualifying child certification test. These EITC cases are tracked in IRS's examination database.
- NOTES: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding. Excludes excise tax returns filed with the Customs Service and the Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau, and returns of tax-exempt organizations, Government entities, and employee plans.

Table 10. Examination Coverage: Returns Examined with Unagreed Recommended Additional Tax After Examination, by Type and Size of Return, Fiscal Year 2007 [Money amounts are in thousands of dollars.]

		Taxable re	eturns examined		Amount unagreed	
Type and size of return	Total	Field [1]	Correspondence	Total	Field [1]	Correspondenc
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
United States, total	40,637	29,645	10,992	22,781,936	22,015,389	766,547
Individual income tax returns, total	[2] 32,983	22,073	10,910	[3] 2747,466	1,981,359	766,107
Returns with TPI under \$200,000 [4]:	[] - /	,	.,.		,,	,
Nonbusiness returns without						
earned income tax credit:						
Selected nonbusiness returns [5]	4,901	2,613	2,288	88,063	70,751	17,312
With Schedule E or Form 2106 [6]	6,779	3,490	3,289	337,646	316,769	20,877
Business and nonbusiness returns						
with earned income tax credit						
by size of TGR [7,8]:						
Under \$25,000	2,270	471	1,799	18,417	11,684	6,733
\$25,000 or more	2,634	2,072	562	34,910	34,049	861
Business returns without						
earned income tax credit:						
Nonfarm business returns by size of TGR [-		0==	70.110	== == 1	
Under \$25,000	4,529	3,674	855	78,418	52,371	26,047
\$25,000 under \$100,000	2,161	1,793	368	43,073	36,551	6,522
\$100,000 under \$200,000	2,504	2,148	356	165,667	154,503	11,164
\$200,000 or more	590	536	54	50,183	47,367	2,816
Farm returns	447	d	d	6,387	d	d
Returns with TPI at least \$200,000						
and under \$1,000,000:		4 000	0.55	007.400	4=0.000	
Nonbusiness returns	2,266	1,609	657	227,406	178,062	49,344
Business returns	2,071	1,850	221	158,824	147,372	11,452
Returns with TPI of \$1,000,000 or more	1,826	1,479	347	1,538,407	925,730	612,677
International returns [9]	5	d	d	65	d	d
Corporation income tax returns,						
except Form 1120S, total [10]	2,526	2,510	16	18,760,576	18,760,576	[11]
Returns other than Form 1120-F [12]:	4 000	4.000	40	005.450	005.450	****
Small corporations [13]	1,398	1,382	16	365,472	365,472	[11]
No balance sheet returns	177	177	0	157,676	157,676	0
Balance sheet returns by size						
of total assets:						
Under \$250,000	578	564	14	32,729	32,729	[11]
\$250,000 under \$1,000,000	343	d	d	57,347	d	d
\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	232	232	0	88,361	88,361	0
\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	68	d	d	29,359	d	d
Large corporations [14]	1,108	1,108	0	18,308,946	18,308,946	0
Balance sheet returns by size						
of total assets:						
\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	270	270	0	143,707	143,707	0
\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	61	61	0	26,769	26,769	0
\$100,000,000 under \$250,000,000	79	79	0	196,580	196,580	0
\$250,000,000 under \$500,000,000	47	47	0	208,930	208,930	0
\$500,000,000 under \$1,000,000,000	63	63	0	276,443	276,443	0
\$1,000,000,000 under \$5,000,000,000	209	209	0	3,036,980	3,036,980	0
\$5,000,000,000 under \$20,000,000,000	182	182	0	3,836,978	3,836,978	0
\$20,000,000,000 and above	197	197	0	10,582,559	10,582,559	0
Form 1120-F returns [12]	20	20	0	86,158	86,158	0
Estate and trust income tax returns	229	204	25	121,756	121,756	[11]
Estate tax returns:						
Total	277	277	0	500,834	500,834	0
Size of gross estate:						
Under \$5,000,000	179	179	0	119,263	119,263	0
\$5,000,000 or more	98	98	0	381,571	381,571	0
Gift tax returns	250	250	0	102,143	102,143	0
Employment tax returns	3,724	3,705	19	246,717	246,544	173
Excise tax returns	588	566	22	80,685	80,418	267
Other taxable returns [15]	60	60	0	221,759	221,759	0

Table 10. Examination Coverage: Returns Examined with Unagreed Recommended Additional Tax After Examination, by Type and Size of Return, Fiscal Year 2007—Continued

Footnotes

- d—Not shown to avoid disclosure of information about specific taxpayers. However, the data are included in the appropriate totals.
- [1] Field examinations are generally performed by revenue agents, tax compliance officers, tax examiners, and revenue officer examiners, in person or by correspondence.
- [2] Excludes 10 returns associated with the earned income tax credit (EITC) qualifying child certification test, which is tracked in IRS's examination database.
- [3] Excludes \$22 (thousands) associated with the earned income tax credit (EITC) qualifying child certification test, which is tracked in IRS's examination database.
- [4] In general, TPI (total positive income) is the sum of all positive amounts shown for the various sources of income reported on the individual income tax return and, thus, excludes net losses. Examinations of individual income tax returns are shown in this table by: TPI of under \$200,000; TPI of at least \$200,000 and under \$1,000,000; and TPI of \$1.000.000 or more.
- [5] Includes returns without a Schedule C (nonfarm sole proprietorship), Schedule E (supplemental income and loss), Schedule F (profit or loss from farming), or Form 2106 (employee business expenses).
- [6] Includes returns with a Schedule E (supplemental income and loss) or Form 2106 (employee business expenses). Excludes returns with a Schedule C (nonfarm sole proprietorship) or Schedule F (profit or loss from farming).
- [7] TGR (total gross receipts) is the sum of gross receipts from farm and nonfarm businesses. It is calculated by adding the positive values of gross receipts and other income from Schedule C to the cost of purchased items and gross income (which can be positive or negative) from Schedule F. Schedule C is used to report profit or loss from nonfarm sole proprietorships. Schedule F is used to report profit or loss from farming. If a taxpayer reports both farm and nonfarm income, the return is classified by the larger source of income.
- [8] Includes both business and nonbusiness returns with an earned income tax credit claim. These returns are classified by size of total gross receipts (TGR). Returns are classified as business if they have a Schedule C (nonfarm sole proprietorship) or Schedule F (profit or loss from farming) and TGR is greater than total positive income (TPI). Returns are classified as nonbusiness returns if TGR is less than TPI. See footnotes 4 and 7.
- [9] Includes Forms 1040PR (self-employment tax form for Puerto Rico) and 1040-SS (self-employment tax form for U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands).
- [10] Includes Forms 1120 ("long form"); 1120-A ("short form"); 1120-F (foreign corporation, except foreign life insurance company); 1120-H (homeowner association); 1120-L (life insurance company); 1120M (mutual insurance company); 1120-PC (property and casualty insurance company); 1120-POL (certain political association); 1120-REIT (real estate investment trust); 1120-RIC (regulated investment company); and 1120-SF (settlement fund). Excludes certain other types of corporations, which are included in "other taxable returns" described in footnote 15.
- [11] Less than \$500.
- [12] Form 1120-F is filed by a foreign corporation with U.S. income, other than a foreign life insurance company and foreign sales corporation.
- [13] Includes returns with assets of less than \$10 million examined by either the Small Business/Self-Employed Operating Division or the Large and Mid-Size Business Operating Division.
- [14] Includes returns with assets of \$10 million or more examined by either the Small Business/Self-Employed Operating Division or the Large and Mid-Size Business Operating Division.
- [15] Includes Forms 1120S for an S corporation reporting a tax; 1120-FSC (foreign sales corporation); 8288 (withholding tax returns for disposition by foreign persons of U.S. property interests); 990-C (farmers' cooperative association); and 8804 (partnership withholding).

NOTES: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding. Excludes excise tax returns filed with the Customs Service and the Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau, and returns of tax-exempt organizations, Government entities, and employee plans.

SOURCE: Small Business/Self-Employed, Examination, Examination Planning and Delivery, Examination Management Information Systems and Automation SE:S:E:EPD:MISA

Table 11. Examination Coverage: Returns Examined Involving Protection of Revenue Base, by Type and Size of Return, Fiscal Year 2007 [1] [Money amounts are in thousands of dollars.]

		Taxable re	turns examined		Amount protected	d
Type and size of return	Total	Field [2]	Correspondence	Total	Field [2]	Correspondence
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Jnited States, total	89,656	39,645	50,011	5,116,490	5,003,931	112,559
Individual income tax returns, total	[3] 61,706	11,696	50,010	[4] 401,590	289,031	112,559
Returns with TPI under \$200,000 [5]:	[-],	,		[1] 101,000		,
Nonbusiness returns without						
earned income tax credit:						
Selected nonbusiness returns [6]	3,589	1,339	2,250	18,744	12,532	6,212
With Schedule E or Form 2106 [7]	29,708	3,432	26,276	89,430	28,801	60,629
Business and nonbusiness returns	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	,	,	,
with earned income tax credit						
by size of TGR [8, 9]:						
Under \$25,000	11,609	301	11,308	21,538	999	20,539
\$25,000 or more	2,273	395	1,878	5,674	2,320	3,354
Business returns without	2,213	333	1,070	3,074	2,320	J,JJ T
earned income tax credit:						
Nonfarm business returns by size of TGR [8	1.					
	•	944	4.072	15 102	2 010	11 274
Under \$25,000	5,916		4,972	15,192	3,818	11,374
\$25,000 under \$100,000	2,894	814	2,080	8,631	4,130	4,501
\$100,000 under \$200,000	1,289	854	435	9,625	7,462	2,163
\$200,000 or more	346	195	151	1,448	1,006	442
Farm returns	273	d	d	850	d	d
Returns with TPI at least \$200,000						
and under \$1,000,000:						
Nonbusiness returns	1,467	1,244	223	24,347	23,094	1,253
Business returns	1,253	1,112	141	19,796	18,579	1,217
Returns with TPI of \$1,000,000 or more	1,010	952	58	186,155	185,833	322
International returns [10]	79	d	d	160	d	d
Corporation income tax returns,						
except Form 1120S, total [11]	1,548	d	d	d	d	d
Returns other than Form 1120-F [12]:						
Small corporations [13]	372	372	0	362,099	362,099	0
No balance sheet returns	78	78	0	226,377	226,377	0
Balance sheet returns by size of total assets	:					
Under \$250,000	99	99	0	102,740	102,740	0
\$250,000 under \$1,000,000	45	45	0	439	439	0
\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	101	101	0	30,481	30,481	0
\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	49	49	0	2,062	2,062	0
Large corporations [14]	1,135	d	d	d	d	d
Balance sheet returns by size of total assets	,	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	u	<u> </u>	u
\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	. 143	143	0	12,067	12,067	0
\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	59	d	d	12,007 d	12,007 d	d
\$100,000,000 under \$250,000,000	111	111	0	44,971	44,971	0
\$250,000,000 under \$250,000,000	99	99	0	173.466	173,466	0
				-,		
\$500,000,000 under \$1,000,000,000	105	d	<u>d</u>	d	d	d
\$1,000,000,000 under \$5,000,000,000	262	262	0	562,621	562,621	0
\$5,000,000,000 under \$20,000,000,000	192	192	0	912,720	912,720	0
\$20,000,000,000 and above	164	164	0	2,072,722	2,072,722	0
Form 1120-F returns [12]	41	d	d	d	d	d
Estate and trust income tax returns	120	120	0	17,135	17,135	0
Estate tax returns:						
Total	267	267	0	97,187	97,187	0
Size of gross estate:						
Under \$5,000,000	209	209	0	22,094	22,094	0
\$5,000,000 or more	58	58	0	75,093	75,093	0
Gift tax returns	25	d	d	d	d	d
Employment tax returns	232	232	0	119,056	119,056	0
Excise tax returns	25,032	25,032	0	148,828	148,828	0
Other taxable returns [15]	726	726	0	43,916	43,916	0

Table 11. Examination Coverage: Returns Examined Involving Protection of Revenue Base, by Type and Size of Return, Fiscal Year 2007 [1]—Continued

Footnotes

- d—Not shown to avoid disclosure of information about specific taxpayers. However, the data are included in the appropriate totals.
- [1] Protection of the revenue base comprises any action taken by the Internal Revenue Service to prevent the release of funds from the U.S. Treasury in response to taxpayer efforts to recoup all, or part, of previously assessed and paid tax.
- [2] Field examinations are generally performed by revenue agents, tax compliance officers, tax examiners, and revenue officer examiners, in person or by correspondence.
- [3] Excludes 6 returns associated with the earned income tax credit (EITC) qualifying child certification test, which is tracked in IRS's examination database.
- [4] Excludes \$8 (thousands) associated with the earned income tax credit (EITC) qualifying child certification test, which is tracked in IRS's examination database.
- [5] In general, TPI (total positive income) is the sum of all positive amounts shown for the various sources of income reported on the individual income tax return and, thus, excludes net losses. Examinations of individual income tax returns are shown in this table by: TPI of under \$200,000; TPI of at least \$200,000 and under \$1,000,000; and TPI of \$1,000,000 or more.
- [6] Includes returns without a Schedule C (nonfarm sole proprietorship), Schedule E (supplemental income and loss), Schedule F (profit or loss from farming), or Form 2106 (employee business expenses).
- [7] Includes returns with a Schedule E (supplemental income and loss) or Form 2106 (employee business expenses). Excludes returns with a Schedule C (nonfarm sole proprietorship) or Schedule F (profit or loss from farming).
- [8] TGR (total gross receipts) is the sum of gross receipts from farm and nonfarm businesses. It is calculated by adding the positive values of gross receipts and other income from Schedule C to the cost of purchased items and gross income (which can be positive or negative) from Schedule F. Schedule C is used to report profit or loss from nonfarm sole proprietorships. Schedule F is used to report profit or loss from farming. If a taxpayer reports both farm and nonfarm income, the return is classified by the larger source of income.
- [9] Includes both business and nonbusiness returns with an earned income tax credit claim. These returns are classified by size of total gross receipts (TGR). Returns are classified as business if they have a Schedule C (nonfarm sole proprietorship) or Schedule F (profit or loss from farming) and TGR is greater than total positive income (TPI). Returns are classified as nonbusiness returns if TGR is less than TPI. See footnotes 4 and 7.
- [10] Includes Forms 1040PR (self-employment tax form for Puerto Rico) and 1040-SS (self-employment tax form for U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands).
- [11] Includes Forms 1120 ("long form"); 1120-A ("short form"); 1120-F (foreign corporation, except foreign life insurance company); 1120-H (homeowner association); 1120-L (life insurance company); 1120M (mutual insurance company); 1120-PC (property and casualty insurance company); 1120-POL (certain political association); 1120-REIT (real estate investment trust); 1120-RIC (regulated investment company); and 1120-SF (settlement fund). Excludes certain other types of corporations, which are included in "other taxable returns" described in footnote 15.
- [12] Form 1120-F is filed by a foreign corporation with U.S. income, other than a foreign life insurance company and foreign sales corporation.
- [13] Includes returns with assets of less than \$10 million examined by either the Small Business/Self-Employed Operating Division or the Large and Mid-Size Business Operating Division.
- [14] Includes returns with assets of \$10 million or more examined by either the Small Business/Self-Employed Operating Division or the Large and Mid-Size Business Operating Division.
- [15] Includes Forms 1120S for an S corporation reporting a tax; 1120-FSC (foreign sales corporations); 8288 (withholding tax return for disposition by foreign persons of U.S. property interests); 990-C (farmers' cooperative association); and 8804 (partnership withholding).

NOTES: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding. Excludes excise tax returns filed with the Customs Service and the Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau, and returns of tax-exempt organizations, Government entities, and employee plans.

SOURCE: Small Business/Self-Employed, Examination, Examination Planning and Delivery, Examination Management Information Systems and Automation SE:S:E:EPD:MISA

Table 12. Examination Coverage: Returns Examined Resulting in Refunds, by Type and Size of Return, Fiscal Year 2007

[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars.]

		Taxable re	turns examined	Recommended refunds		
Type and size of return	Total	Field [1]	Correspondence	Total	Field [1]	Correspondence
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
United States, total	77,989	47,620	30,369	7,833,716	7,701,369	132,347
Individual income tax returns, total	[2] 49,225	19,220	30,005	[3] 711,851	589,565	122,286
Returns with TPI under \$200,000 [4]:	[=],===	,		[0] ,		,
Nonbusiness returns without						
earned income tax credit:						
Selected nonbusiness returns [5]	4,143	2,219	1,924	44,554	38,375	6,179
With Schedule E or Form 2106 [6]	15,904	3,382	12,522	66,417	35,393	31,024
Business and nonbusiness returns	,	,	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,
with earned income tax credit						
by size of TGR [7, 8]:						
Under \$25,000	4,420	397	4,023	7,924	1,536	6,388
\$25,000 or more	2,167	1,401	766	5,968	4,805	1,163
Business returns without	, -	, -		-,	,	,
earned income tax credit:						
Nonfarm business returns by size of TGR [7	ገ:					
Under \$25,000	6,077	2,168	3,909	21,096	10,937	10,159
\$25,000 under \$100,000	2,943	1,552	1,391	17,270	13,171	4,099
\$100,000 under \$200,000	2,648	1,739	909	19,532	17,449	2,083
\$200,000 or more	898	804	94	5,465	5,156	309
Farm returns	387	247	140	1,786	1,482	304
	307	271	170	1,700	1,402	304
Returns with TPI at least \$200,000						
and under \$1,000,000:	2.000	4.740	4.000	50.040	44.044	40.000
Nonbusiness returns	3,606	1,718	1,888	53,813	41,811	12,002
Business returns	2,567	1,837	730	46,782	41,467	5,315
Returns with TPI of \$1,000,000 or more	3,448	1,751	1,697	421,216	377,974	43,242
International returns [9]	17	5	12	28	9	19
Corporation income tax returns,						
except Form 1120S, total [10]	2,486	2,436	50	5,743,689	5,738,699	4,990
Returns other than Form 1120-F [11]:						
Small corporations [12]	924	898	26	187,664	185,832	1,832
No balance sheet returns	126	d	d	98,390	d	d
Balance sheet returns by size of total asset	3:					
Under \$250,000	324	309	15	53,275	52,601	674
\$250,000 under \$1,000,000	215	d	d	4,959	d	d
\$1,000,000 under \$5,000,000	190	186	4	5,468	5,346	122
\$5,000,000 under \$10,000,000	69	69	0	25,572	25,572	0
Large corporations [13]	1,508	1,484	24	5,268,384	5,265,226	3,158
Balance sheet returns by size of total asset		,				,
\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	324	317	7	44,794	43,753	1,041
\$50,000,000 under \$100,000,000	111	107	4	64,512	64,501	11
\$100,000,000 under \$250,000,000	181	d	d	113,448	d	d
\$250.000.000 under \$500.000.000	144	139	5	223,121	222,321	800
\$500,000,000 under \$1,000,000,000	143	143	0	421,283	421,283	0
\$1,000,000,000 under \$5,000,000,000	328	323	5	1,058,927	1,057,732	1,195
\$5,000,000,000 under \$20,000,000,000	148	148	0	938,800	938,800	0
		146			936,600 d	d
\$20,000,000,000 and above	129		d	2,403,499		
Form 1120-F returns [11]	54	54	0	287,641	287,641	0
Estate and trust income tax returns	447	146	301	52,765	49,620	3,145
Estate tax returns:						
Total	765	765	0	113,368	113,368	0
Size of gross estate:						
Under \$5,000,000	497	497	0	47,389	47,389	0
\$5,000,000 or more	268	268	0	65,979	65,979	0
Gift tax returns	29	d	d	3,904	d	d
Employment tax returns	476	473	3	28,681	28,675	6
		24,445	<u></u>	1,123,620	1,123,617	3
Excise tax returns	24,453	74 445				

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 12. Examination Coverage: Returns Examined Resulting in Refunds, by Type and Size of Return, Fiscal Year 2007—Continued

Footnotes

- d—Not shown to avoid disclosure of information about specific taxpayers. However, the data are included in the appropriate totals.
- [1] Field examinations are generally performed by revenue agents, tax compliance officers, tax examiners, and revenue officer examiners, in person or by correspondence.
- [2] Excludes 9 returns associated with the earned income tax credit (EITC) qualifying child certification test, which is tracked in IRS's examination database.
- [3] Excludes \$10 (thousands) associated with the earned income tax credit (EITC) qualifying child certification test, which is tracked in IRS's examination database.
- [4] In general, TPI (total positive income) is the sum of all positive amounts shown for the various sources of income reported on the individual income tax return and, thus, excludes net losses. Examinations of individual income tax returns are shown in this table by: TPI of under \$200,000; TPI of at least \$200,000 and under \$1,000,000; and TPI of \$1,000,000 or more.
- [5] Includes returns without a Schedule C (nonfarm sole proprietorship), Schedule E (supplemental income and loss), Schedule F (profit or loss from farming), or Form 2106 (employee business expenses).
- [6] Includes returns with a Schedule E (supplemental income and loss) or Form 2106 (employee business expenses). Excludes returns with a Schedule C (nonfarm sole proprietorship) or Schedule F (profit or loss from farming).
- [7] TGR (total gross receipts) is the sum of gross receipts from farm and nonfarm businesses. It is calculated by adding the positive values of gross receipts and other income from Schedule C to the cost of purchased items and gross income (which can be positive or negative) from Schedule F. Schedule C is used to report profit or loss from nonfarm sole proprietorships. Schedule F is used to report profit or loss from farming. If a taxpayer reports both farm and nonfarm income, the return is classified by the larger source of income.
- [8] Includes both business and nonbusiness returns with an earned income tax credit claim. These returns are classified by size of total gross receipts (TGR). Returns are classified as business if they have a Schedule C (nonfarm sole proprietorship) or Schedule F (profit or loss from farming) and TGR is greater than total positive income (TPI). Returns are classified as nonbusiness returns if TGR is less than TPI. See footnotes 4 and 7.
- [9] Includes Forms 1040PR (self-employment tax form for Puerto Rico) and 1040-SS (self-employment tax form for U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands).
- [10] Includes Forms 1120 ("long form"); 1120-A ("short form"); 1120-F (foreign corporation, except foreign life insurance company); 1120-H (homeowner association); 1120-L (life insurance company); 1120M (mutual insurance company); 1120-PC (property and casualty insurance company); 1120-POL (certain political association); 1120-REIT (real estate investment trust); 1120-RIC (regulated investment company); and 1120-SF (settlement fund). Excludes certain other types of corporations, which are included in "other taxable returns" described in footnote 14.
- [11] Form 1120-F is filed by a foreign corporation with U.S. income, other than a foreign life insurance company and foreign sales corporation.
- [12] Includes returns with assets of less than \$10 million examined by either the Small Business/Self-Employed Operating Division or the Large and Mid-Size Business Operating Division.
- [13] Includes returns with assets of \$10 million or more examined by either the Small Business/Self-Employed Operating Division or the Large and Mid-Size Business Operating Division.
- [14] Includes Forms 1120S for an S corporation reporting a tax; 1120-FSC (foreign sales corporation); 8288 (withholding tax return for disposition by foreign persons of U.S. property interests); 990-C (farmers' cooperative association); and 8804 (partnership withholding).
- NOTES: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding. Excludes excise tax returns filed with the Customs Service and the Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau, and returns of tax-exempt organizations, Government entities, and employee plans.
- SOURCE: Small Business/Self-Employed, Examination, Examination Planning and Delivery, Examination Management Information Systems and Automation SE:S:E:EPD:MISA

Table 13. Returns of Tax-Exempt Organizations, Employee Plans, and Government Entities Examined, by Type of Return, Fiscal Year 2007

Type of return	Number of returns	
Total number of returns examined in Fiscal Year 2007	18,682	
Number of tax-exempt organization returns processed in Calendar Year 2006 [1]	867,696	
Tax-exempt organizations and related taxable returns examined, total	7,580	
Tax-exempt organization returns, total	3,850	
Forms 990 and 990-EZ	3,448	
Forms 990-PF, 5227, 1041-A, and 1120 [2]	386	
Form 1120-POL	16	
Related taxable returns, total	3,730	
Employment tax returns [3]	1,787	
Form 990-T [4]	1,026	
Form 4720 [5]	530	
Forms 1040, 1065, and 1120 adjusted [6]	121	
Forms 11-C and 730 [7]	266	
Number of employee plan returns processed in Calendar Year 2006 [8]	1,055,061	
Employee plans and related taxable returns examined, total [9]	8,423	
Employee plan returns, total	6,823	
Form 5500 [10]	5,768	
Defined benefit	486	
Defined contribution	5,282	
Form 5500-EZ	1,055	
Defined benefit	199	
Defined contribution	856	
Related taxable returns, total	1,172	
Form 5330 [11]	963	
Form 990-T [4]	15	
Forms 1040, 1065, and 1120 adjusted [6]	194	
Government entity returns examined, total	2,679	
Tax-exempt bond returns [12]:	476	
Government entity returns [13]:		
Employment tax returns [3]	2,049	
Forms 1040, 1065, and 1120 adjusted [6]	33	
Forms 11-C and 730 [7]	121	

^[1] Includes returns of tax-exempt organizations (Forms 990 and the 990-EZ "short" form), other than farmers' cooperatives (Form 990-C); private foundations (Form 990-PF); split-interest trusts (Form 5227); trust accumulations of certain charitable amounts (Form 1041-A filed by a tax-exempt organization); and Form 1120-POL filed by political organizations and certain tax-exempt organizations to report political organization taxable income and tax.

- [4] Form 990-T is the tax-exempt organization unrelated business income tax return.
- [5] Form 4720 reports the excise tax on exempt organizations and related individuals.
- [6] Related individual (Form 1040 series), partnership (Form 1065), or corporation (Form 1120 series) adjusted as a result of examination of a tax-exempt organization, employee plan, or Government entity.
- [7] Form 11-C reports the occupational tax for wagering, and Form 730 reports the excise tax on wagering.
- [8] Includes both Forms 5500 and 5500-EZ returns, but excludes welfare benefit plans and fringe benefit plans, which are not subject to examination by IRS.
- [9] Includes 428 examinations of plans that were not required to file a return and are, therefore, not categorized by form type.
- [10] Includes examinations of Forms 5500C/R filed prior to November 1999.
- [11] Form 5330 reports initial excise taxes related to employee plans.
- [12] Includes tax-exempt private activity bond issues (Form 8038); Government-purpose tax-exempt bond issues (Form 8038-G); small tax-exempt bond issues (Form 8038-G); arbitrage rebates (Form 8038-T); and carryover election of unused private activity bond volume cap (Form 8328).
- [13] Includes returns of Federal, State, local. and Indian Tribal governments. Although these entities do not have a primary return filing requirement, they are subject to excise and employment taxes.

NOTES: In general, examination activity for a fiscal year may be associated with returns filed in the previous calendar year. However, this relationship is only approximate. Counts of returns processed exclude related taxable returns.

SOURCES: Tax Exempt and Government Entities, Exempt Organizations SE:T:EO; Employee Plans SE:T:EP; and Government Entities SE:T:GE

^[2] Includes corporation income tax returns (Form 1120) of revoked private foundations.

^[3] Includes employer's unemployment tax (Form 940); employer returns for income and Social Security tax withheld and advance earned income credit payments (Form 941); agricultural employee tax (Form 943); employer tax return (Form 944); other income tax withholding (Form 945); and foreign employee tax (Form 1042).

Enforcement

Information Reporting and Verification

he IRS uses tools other than examinations to identify and resolve taxpayer errors. In addition to receiving taxpayers' self-reported income and tax on those tax returns that are filed, the IRS receives independent information about income received and taxes withheld on information returns, such as Forms W-2 and 1099 from employers and other third parties. With its Automated Underreporter Program, the IRS matches these information returns to tax returns and contacts taxpayers to resolve discrepancies.

In the Automated Substitute for Return Program, IRS uses information returns to identify persons who failed to file a return, constructs tax returns for certain nonfilers based on that third-party information, and assesses tax, interest, and penalties based on the substitute returns. Table 14 provides information about these programs.

During the routine processing of tax returns, the IRS also checks for mathematical and clerical errors before refunds are paid. Table 15 shows the types of errors made on Tax Year 2006 returns processed during Calendar Year 2007.

Table 14. Information Reporting Program, Fiscal Year 2007

Item	Number or amount
Number of information returns received (millions) [1]:	
Total	1,825
Paper	58
Electronic	1,170
Magnetic tape	250
Other [2]	347
Number of contacts (closed cases, millions) [3]:	
Total	4.759
Underreporter program	3.403
Nonfiler (automated substitute for return) program	1.356
Amount of additional assessments (million dollars):	
Total	19,102
Underreporter program [4]	5,079
Nonfiler (automated substitute for return) program [5]	14,023
Number of full-time equivalent employees:	
Total	2,116
Underreporter program	1,742
Nonfiler (automated substitute for return) program	374

^[1] Includes Forms 1098 (mortgage interest, student loan interest, and tuition payments); the 1099 series (including interest and dividend distributions); 5498 (individual retirement arrangement and medical savings account information); W-2 (wage and tax statements); W-2G (certain gambling winnings); and Schedules K-1 (partnership, S corporation, and estate or trust distributions). Information from these forms and schedules is matched to that reported on income tax returns.

- [2] Reflects Forms 1099SA/RRB and W-2 from the Social Security Administration.
- [3] Reflects the number of cases closed for which a notice has been issued to a taxpayer.
- [4] Excludes interest and penalties.
- [5] Includes interest and penalties assessed.

SOURCES: Small Business/Self-Employed, Campus Compliance Services, Campus Reporting Compliance, Strategy Systems Analysis & Workload Selection SE:S:CCS:CRC:SPSA; Small Business/Self-Employed, Campus Compliance Services, Campus Reporting Compliance, Document Matching SE:S:CCS:CRC:DM; Small Business/Self-Employed, Campus Compliance Services, Filing and Payment Compliance, Filing Compliance SE:S:CS:CCS:FPC:FC; and Wage and Investment, Compliance Reporting Compliance, Policy, Monitoring, Analysis and Quality SE:W:C:RC:PMAQ

Table 15. Number of Math Errors, by Type of Error, Calendar Year 2007

Math error	Number [1]	Percentage of total
Math error notices, total [2]	2,965,745	100.0
Math errors, total [2]:	3,885,505	100.0
Tax calculation/other taxes [3]	924,054	23.8
Exemption number/amount	770,637	19.8
Earned income tax credit	540,768	13.9
Standard/itemized deduction	419,290	10.8
Adjusted gross/taxable income amount	297,858	7.7
Child tax credit	255,186	6.6
Refund/amount due	225,904	5.8
Other credits [4]	112,422	2.9
Filing status	109,121	2.8
Withholding or excess Social Security payments	102,084	2.6
Adjustments to income	65,110	1.7
Other [5]	63,071	1.6

^[1] Data reflect Tax Year 2006 individual income tax returns processed in Calendar Year 2007. Excludes 653,852 math errors and 459,952 notices associated with prior-year returns processed in Calendar Year 2007.

SOURCE: Wage and Investment, Customer Account Services, Submission Processing, Individual Master File Branch, Notices and Files SE:W:CAS:SP:IMF:N

^[2] A math error notice to the taxpayer may address more than one type of math error. Therefore, the sum of errors exceeds the total number of notices.

^[3] Includes all errors associated with the calculation and assessment of income taxes, as well as other taxes, such as self-employment tax, alternative minimum tax, and Schedule H tax.

^[4] Encompasses all credits other than the Earned Income Tax Credit and Child Tax Credit, such as the Child and Dependent Care Credit, Credit for the Elderly, and General Business Credit.

^[5] Includes miscellaneous errors and unique error types not programmed and captured by any other math error definitions.

Enforcement

Collections, Penalties, and Criminal Investigation

he mission of IRS's Collection function is to collect Federal taxes that are reported or assessed but not paid, and to secure tax returns that have not been filed. Table 16 provides information on these activities.

The failure to comply with Federal tax laws may result in civil penalties. Table 17 provides information on penalties assessed and abated during Fiscal Year 2007, by type of tax and type of penalty. Individuals who deliberately fail to comply with Federal tax laws may also be subject to a criminal investigation, which could result in prosecution, fines, and imprisonment.

Table 18 summarizes criminal investigation activity related to legal source tax crimes; illegal source financial crimes; and narcotics-related financial crimes. Legal source tax investigations involve activities, industries, and occupations that generate legitimate income. The Legal Source Tax Crimes Program also includes cases that may threaten the tax system, such as frivolous filers or nonfilers who challenge the legitimacy of the tax laws, unscrupulous tax return preparers, and fraudulent refund schemes.

Illegal source financial crimes relate to proceeds derived from illegal sources other than narcotics and involve tax and tax-related violations, as well as money laundering. In the Narcotics Program, the IRS investigates narcotics-related tax and money-laundering crimes. The IRS often cooperates with the Justice Department and other law enforcement agencies to accomplish its work.

Table 16. Delinquent Collection Activities, Fiscal Years 2004-2007

[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars.]

A addition	2004	2005	2006	2007
Activity	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Returns filed with additional tax due:				
Total amount collected [1]	36,659,487	37,113,036	40,813,309	43,318,830
Taxpayer delinquent accounts (thousands):				
Number in beginning inventory	6,170	5,981	6,478	7,074
Number of new accounts	5,179	5,870	6,100	7,146
Number of accounts closed	5,368	5,373	5,504	5,980
Ending inventory:				
Number	5,981	6,478	7,074	8,240
Balance of assessed tax, penalties, and interest [2]	50,680,546	57,594,901	69,555,590	83,488,988
Returns not filed timely:				
Delinquent return activity:				
Net amount assessed [3]	15,635,584	22,765,462	23,305,535	30,287,802
Amount collected with delinquent returns	2,976,681	3,584,255	3,905,764	3,968,163
Taxpayer delinquency investigations (thousands) [4]:				
Number in beginning inventory	2,964	3,022	3,658	3,874
Number of new investigations	2,051	2,558	2,373	2,587
Number of investigations closed	1,993	1,922	2,157	2,729
Number in ending inventory	3,022	3,658	3,874	3,732
Offers in compromise (thousands) [5]:				
Number of offers received	106	74	59	46
Number of offers accepted	20	19	15	12
Amount of offers accepted	275,331	325,640	283,746	228,975
Enforcement activity:				
Number of notices of Federal tax liens filed	534,392	522,887	629,813	683,659
Number of notices of levy served upon third parties	2,029,613	2,743,577	3,742,276	3,757,190
Number of seizures	440	512	590	676

^[1] Includes previously unpaid taxes on returns filed plus assessed and accrued penalty and interest. For Fiscal Year 2007, a total of \$31,044,496 (dollars) was collected by private debt collection agencies.

 ${\sf NOTES:}\ \ {\sf Detail}\ {\sf may}\ {\sf not}\ {\sf add}\ {\sf to}\ {\sf totals}\ {\sf because}\ {\sf of}\ {\sf rounding.}\ \ {\sf All}\ {\sf amounts}\ {\sf are}\ {\sf in}\ {\sf current}\ {\sf dollars}.$

 $SOURCE: \ Small \ Business/Self-Employed, \ Collection \ Planning \ and \ Analysis, \ Collection \ National \ Reports \ SE:S:C:PA:CNR$

^[2] Includes assessed penalties and interest but excludes any accrued penalties and interest. Assessed penalties and interest are those that are usually assessed at the same time as the unpaid balance of tax. They are computed on the unpaid balance of tax from the due date of the return to the date of assessment. Accrued penalties and interest are the portion of the total penalties and interest that is not the original assessed amounts.

^[3] Net assessment of tax, penalty, and interest amounts less prepaid credits (withholding and estimated tax payments) of delinquent tax returns secured by Collection activity.

^[4] Investigation actions opened subsequent to nonresponse to notices for tax returns that have not been filed timely.

^[5] An offer in compromise is an agreement, binding both the taxpayer and the Service, which resolves the taxpayer's tax liability where it has been determined that there is doubt as to the taxpayer's liability; doubt as to the Service's ability to collect the balance due; the taxpayer does not have the financial ability to fully pay the liability within the collection statute expiration date plus 5 years; or there is a serious economic hardship or other exceptional circumstance which warrants acceptance of less than full payment of the taxes owed.

Table 17. Civil Penalties Assessed and Abated, by Type of Tax and Type of Penalty, Fiscal Year 2007

[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars.]

	Civil penalties	assessed	Civil penalties abated		
Type of tax and type of penalty	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
Civil penalties, total	37,566,699	29,524,556	4,908,112	11,135,878	
Individual income tax:					
Civil penalties, total	27,338,827	14,883,408	3,018,698	3,973,560	
Accuracy [1]	327,822	771,048	42,238	189,654	
Bad check	249,716	20,841	13,099	7,742	
Delinquency	3,847,589	5,765,933	709,057	2,056,639	
Estimated tax	7,722,178	2,274,586	253,625	297,761	
Failure to pay	15,172,385	5,826,851	1,995,949	1,390,932	
Fraud	2,275	122,600	225	12,172	
Partnership information [2]	5,122	96,923	2,417	15,729	
Other [3]	11,740	4,625	2,088	2,931	
Corporation income tax:					
Civil penalties, total [4]	762,718	1,786,166	124,275	846,990	
Accuracy [1]	2,736	211,721	92	31,919	
Bad check	2,194	7,619	471	13,314	
Delinquency	124,835	535,485	19,667	363,731	
Estimated tax	291,834	440,254	19,586	196,879	
Failure to pay	340,979	368,810	84,459	241,147	
Fraud	140	222,278	0	0	
	110	222,270			
Employment taxes:	0.454.004	7 000 504	4 555 040	2.055.000	
Civil penalties, total [5]	8,454,024	7,232,594	1,555,813 94	3,055,606	
Accuracy [1]	2,396	5,641	·	978	
Bad check	65,595	7,449	8,538 240,546	9,015	
Delinquency	1,695,870	1,844,553		425,339	
Estimated tax	5,028	35,960	1,152	15,243	
Failure to pay	4,413,486	1,146,643	765,122	293,995	
Federal tax deposits	2,271,223	4,170,503	540,346	2,310,751	
Fraud	426	21,845	15	286	
Excise taxes:					
Civil penalties, total [6]	592,945	419,796	140,965	291,716	
Accuracy [1]	175	157	49	30	
Bad check	4,005	199	325	423	
Daily delinquency	87,415	280,818	66,233	233,357	
Delinquency	184,435	38,597	18,311	14,270	
Estimated tax	10,198	3,446	305	336	
Failure to pay	301,694	39,869	53,911	9,705	
Federal tax deposits	4,932	52,438	1,769	32,243	
Fraud	91	4,272	62	1,352	
Estate and gift tax:					
Civil penalties, total [7]	14,173	268,315	8,550	172,055	
Accuracy [1]	62	8,447	d	d	
Bad check	110	692	55	851	
Delinguency	4,621	168,234	2,934	120,220	
Failure to pay	9,380	90,942	5,550	50,429	
	0	0	d	d	
Fraud	U	· ·	ų.	u	

d—Not shown to avoid disclosure of information about specific taxpayers. However, the data are included in the appropriate totals.

^[1] Includes penalties for negligence; substantial understatement of income tax; substantial valuation misstatement; substantial overstatement of pension liabilities; substantial estate or gift tax valuation understatement (under Internal Revenue Code section 6662); and understatement of reportable transactions (under Internal Revenue Code section 6662A). Also includes penalties related to negligence or disregard of rules and regulations (under Internal Revenue Code section 6653(a)) assessed on returns due before January 1, 1990.

^[2] Represents penalties associated with failure to provide information on Forms 1065 (partnership) or 8752 (partnership or S corporation required payment or refund under Internal Revenue Code section 7519), or failure to file electronically for Form 1065-B (large partnership).

^[3] Represents penalties related to failure to supply taxpayer identification number and failure to report tip income.

^[4] Represents penalties associated with Forms 1120 (corporation income tax return series); 990-C (farmers' cooperative private foundation); and 990-T (tax-exempt organization business income tax).

^[5] Represents penalties associated with Forms 940 (employer's Federal unemployment tax); 941 (employer's employment tax); 942 (employer's tax for household employees); 943 (employer's tax for agricultural employees); 944 (employer tax); 945 (withheld income tax); 1042 (withheld income tax on U.S.-source income of foreign person); and CT-1 (railroad retirement tax).

^[6] Represents penalties associated with Forms 11-C (occupational tax and registration for wagering); 720 (quarterly excise tax); 730 (tax on wagering); 990 (tax-exempt organization except private foundation tax); 990-PF (private foundation tax); 1041-A (trust accumulation of charitable amounts); 2290 (heavy highway vehicle use tax); 4720 (excise taxes of private foundations and other persons); and 5227 (split-interest trust tax).

Table 17. Civil Penalties Assessed and Abated, by Type of Tax and Type of Penalty, Fiscal Year 2007—Continued

Footnotes—Continued

- [7] Represents penalties associated with Forms 706 (estate tax) and 709 (gift tax).
- [8] Represents various penalties assessed and abated for a wide range of noncompliant behaviors, such as noncompliance related to trust fund recovery; to tax return preparers; and to information returns (e.g., Forms 1099, W-2, 3520A, 8027, 8300); as well as aiding and abetting; frivolous return filings; and misuse of dyed fuel. Trust fund recovery penalties assessed to all responsible officers are reduced when one officer or the business pays a portion of the total amount assessed. The amount of trust fund recovery assessments credited is \$654,445 (thousands) and is included in the amount abated.

NOTES: An abatement is a reduction of penalties due to IRS error, reasonable cause, administrative and collection costs not warranting collection of the amount due, unpaid assessments discharged in bankruptcy, and IRS acceptance of partial payment of unpaid tax assessment in settlement of the balance due. Fiscal year data represent assessments and abatements recorded in a given fiscal year, regardless of the tax year to which the penalty may apply. Abatements for a given fiscal year apply to assessments made in the current or in a prior fiscal year.

SOURCE: Chief Financial Officer, Revenue Financial Management OS:CFO:R

Table 18. Criminal Investigation Program, by Status or Disposition, Fiscal Year 2007

Status or disposition	Total	Legal source tax crimes [1]	Illegal source financial crimes [2]	Narcotics-related financial crimes [3]
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Investigations initiated [4]	4,211	1,664	1,731	816
Investigations discontinued	1,432	770	503	159
Referrals for prosecution	2,837	976	1,313	548
Indictments and informations [5]	2,323	733	1,031	559
Convictions	2,155	732	947	476
Sentenced	2,123	677	978	468
Incarcerated [6]	1,724	526	795	403
Percentage of those sentenced who were incarcerated [6]	81.2	77.7	81.3	86.1

^[1] Legal source tax investigations involve legal industries and legal occupations and, more specifically, legally earned income associated with the violation of Title 26 (tax violations) and Title 18 (tax-related violations) of the U.S. Code. The Legal Source Tax Crimes Program also includes those cases that threaten the tax system, such as Questionable Refund Program (QRP) cases, unscrupulous return preparers, abusive tax schemes, and frivolous filers/nonfilers who challenge the legality of the filing requirements. Excise tax and employment tax cases are also important elements of the Legal Source Tax Crimes Program.

[5] Both "indictments" and "informations" are accusations of criminal charges. An "indictment" is an accusation made by a Federal prosecutor and issued by a Federal grand jury. An "information" is an accusation brought by a Federal prosecutor without the requirement of a grand jury.

[6] The term "incarcerated" may include prison time, home confinement, electronic monitoring, or a combination thereof.

 ${\tt SOURCE: Criminal\ Investigation,\ Communications\ and\ Education\ Division\ SE:CI:CE}$

^[2] Illegal source financial crimes involve proceeds derived from illegal sources other than narcotics. These encompass all tax and tax-related violations, as well as money-laundering and currency violations under the following statutes: Title 26 (tax violations); Title 18 (tax-related and money-laundering violations); and Title 31 (currency violations) of the U.S. Code. The utilization of forfeiture statutes to deprive individuals and organizations of illegally obtained assets is also linked to the investigation of criminal charges within this program.

^[3] Under the Narcotics Related Financial Crimes Program, IRS Criminal Investigation seeks to identify, investigate, and assist in the prosecution of the most significant narcotics-related tax and money-laundering offenders. IRS derives this authority from the statutes for which it has jurisdiction: Title 26 (tax violations); Title 18 (tax-related and money-laundering violations); and Title 31 (currency violations) of the U.S. Code. IRS Criminal Investigation devotes resources to high-level multiagency narcotics investigations warranting Organized Crime Drug Enforcement Task Force designation.

^[4] Since actions on a specific investigation may cross fiscal years, the data shown in cases initiated may not always represent the same universe of cases shown in other actions within the same fiscal year.

Taxpayer Assistance

he IRS assists taxpayers in meeting their Federal tax return filing and payment obligations in a variety of ways, such as through its telephone helpline, via the Internet, at IRS walk-in sites, and through volunteer income tax return preparers. Table 19 provides information about some of the programs and services designed to help individual income tax return filers.

Table 20 provides information about the Taxpayer Advocate Service. The Taxpayer Advocate Service is an independent organization within the IRS that assists taxpayers who are experiencing economic hardships, who are seeking help to resolve tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, or who believe that an IRS system or procedure is not working as it should.

Table 21 provides information on the workload of IRS's Appeals Office. The Appeals mission is to resolve tax controversies, without litigation, on a basis that is fair and impartial to both the taxpayer and the Government. The Appeals Office considers cases that involve examination, collection, and penalty issues. Taxpayers who disagree with the IRS findings in their cases may request an Appeals hearing. The local Appeals Office is separate and independent of the IRS office that proposed the tax adjustment, collection action, or penalty.

Table 19. Internal Revenue Service Taxpayer Assistance and Education Programs for Individual Taxpayers, by Type of Assistance or Program, Fiscal Year 2007

Type of assistance or program	Number or percentage	
Call or walk-in assistance:		
Toll-free assistance calls [1]:		
Automated	23,087,847	
Live	33,226,235	
Taxpayer Assistance Center contacts [2]	7,036,896	
Accuracy of toll-free telephone assistance:	24.2	
Tax law questions (percentage accurate)	91.2	
Account questions (percentage accurate)	93.4	
Forms and publications (paper products):		
Forms, publications, and orders for paper products	3,870,732	
Libraries, banks, postal service distribution sites, grocery stores, copy		
centers, and office supply outlets stocking paper products [3]	26,660	
Assistance provided through the Internet (IRS.gov):		
Individual electronic transactions, total	34,813,722	
"Where's My Refund"	32,112,609	
Internet Employer Identification Number applications [4]	2,682,813	
Online payment agreements [5]	18,300	
IRS Web site usage [6]:		
Number of visits	214,963,661	
Number of page views	1,352,292,806	
Number of downloads	164,565,271	
Disaster and emergency assistance:		
Disaster incidents [7]:		
State incidents	41	
County/city incidents	308	
Taxpayers assisted:		
Toll-free disaster hot line	58,304	
Disaster Recovery Centers	3,175	
Taxpayer education and tax return preparation:		
Taxpayers assisted through taxpayer education programs [8]	129,352,574	
Returns prepared through Volunteer Income Tax Assistance		
and Tax Counseling for the Elderly programs	2,627,727	
Volunteers assisting in taxpayer education and return preparation programs	76,619	
Volunteer Tax Preparation Assistance sites	11,922	

^[1] Includes calls answered by Customer Account Services and automated calls (including TeleTax). Excludes calls answered by Compliance and Tax Exempt and Government Entities.

- [2] Includes contacts at 401 sites where taxpayers are served at IRS Taxpayer Assistance Centers and alternative IRS sites (libraries and post offices). Excludes Volunteer Income Tax Assistance and Tax Counseling for the Elderly sites.
- [3] Represents the number of organizations distributing forms and publications. Each organization may have multiple branches.
- [4] Beginning in FY 2007, the number of Internet Employer Identification Number applications includes some applications that require additional manual processing. Over 833,000 of these applications are included for FY 2007.
- [5] Represents agreements submitted via IRS.gov to pay tax liabilities in installment payments.
- [6] An increasing number of taxpayers receive assistance by using their personal computers to visit IRS.gov. This online assistance is reported as visits, page views, and downloads. A Web site visit is a session that begins when a user views his or her first Web page and ends when the user leaves the IRS.gov Web site. Users may access multiple Web pages during a single visit to the IRS Web site; these are counted as page views. A download is the process of copying a file such as Form 1040 from the IRS.gov Web site to the user's personal computer.
- [7] Reflects events declared by the Federal Emergency Management Agency as major disaster areas for which the IRS granted administrative tax relief. Some States and counties/cities were affected more than once.
- [8] Includes the number of taxpayers educated by Stakeholder Partnerships, Education and Communication.
- SOURCE: Wage and Investment, Strategy and Finance, Strategic Planning and Analysis SE:W:S:SPA

Table 20. Taxpayer Advocate Service: Postfiling Taxpayer Assistance Program, by Type of Issue and Relief, Fiscal Year 2007

	Percentage			
		of		
Type of issue and relief	Number	total		
oplications for taxpayer assistance received, by type of issue:				
Total	247,839	100		
Levies	18,665	8		
Processing amended returns	16,267	7		
Earned income tax credit	16,081	6		
Substitute for return program [1]	12,331	5		
Criminal investigation	11,846	5		
Expedite refund requests	9,627	4		
Processing original returns	9,290	4		
Underreporter program [2]	9,125	4		
Open audits	8,729	4		
Injured spouse claims	8,295	3		
All others	127,583	51		
oplications for taxpayer assistance closed, by type of resolution:				
Total	245,467	100		
Relief provided to taxpayer:	,			
Total	179,915	73		
Taxpayer Assistance Order [3]	22	[4]		
No Taxpayer Assistance Order	179,893	73		
Full relief	169,070	69		
Individual issue [5]	151,104	62		
Systemic issue [6]	17,966	7		
Partial relief	10,823	4		
Individual issue [5]	9,867	4		
Systemic issue [6]	956	[4]		
No relief provided to taxpayer:				
Total	65,552	27		
Taxpayer Assistance Order rescinded [7]	3	[4]		
No Taxpayer Assistance Order	65.549	27		
No response from taxpayer	34,406	14		
Relief provided prior to Taxpayer Advocate Service intervention	12,995	5		
Taxpayer rescinded request	3.172	1		
Tax law precluded relief	1,490	1		
Hardship not related to revenue laws	1,164	[4]		
Hardship not validated	637	[4]		
All others	11,685	5		
ongressional inquiries [8]	9,779	N/A		

N/A—Not applicable.

NOTES: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding. A Taxpayer Assistance Order directs an IRS organizational unit to take a specific action; or to review, expedite consideration, or reconsider a taxpayer's case. In FY 2007, 28 Taxpayer Assistance Orders were issued.

SOURCE: Taxpayer Advocate Service, Business System Planning TA:BSP

^[1] Under the nonfiler "substitute for return" program, IRS uses information returns from third parties to identify tax return delinquencies, constructs tax returns for certain nonfilers on the basis of that information, and assesses tax, interest, and penalties based on the results.

^[2] Under the "underreporter program," IRS uses information returns from third parties to identify unreported income.

^[3] Relief was provided in Fiscal Year 2007, but Taxpayer Assistance Orders may have been issued in any year.

^[4] Less than 0.5 percent.

^[5] A single issue (applicable to an individual, corporation, or other entity) that requires a change or modification to an account.

^[6] Requires a change or modification to an established procedure, process, or operation (e.g., computer program) that potentially impacts more than one taxpaver.

^[7] A Taxpayer Assistance Order (TAO) was issued in any year; an operating division appealed; and in Fiscal Year 2007, the TAO was rescinded by the National Taxpayer Advocate, Commissioner, or Deputy Commissioner. Therefore, no relief was provided.

^{[8] &}quot;Congressional inquiries" (related to constituents' tax accounts) is an information item and is not included in the totals.

Table 21. Appeals Workload, by Type of Case, Fiscal Year 2007

Type of case	Cases received	Cases closed	Cases pending September 30, 2007
	(1)	(2)	(3)
Total cases [1]	102,269	104,429	51,502
Collection due process	30,938	34,648	15,054
Offers in compromise	10,797	11,289	4,587
Innocent spouse	3,870	3,352	2,124
Penalty appeals	9,864	10,180	2,381
Coordinated industry cases	371	529	727
Industry cases	1,031	1,031	1,241
Examination	37,499	35,035	23,755
Other [2]	7,899	8,365	1,633

^[1] A case represents a taxpayer with one type of tax and one or more tax periods under consideration in Appeals.

SOURCE: Appeals, Strategic Planning, Measures Analysis AP:SP:SPMA

^[2] The "Other" category includes cases involving Trust Fund Recovery Penalty, Collection Appeals Program, Freedom of Information Act, Director of Practice, and Abatement of Interest.

Tax-Exempt Activities

able 22 summarizes IRS activities, such as issuing technical guidance, to assist tax-exempt entities and facilitate their compliance with the Federal tax laws.

Table 23 provides information about applications for taxexempt status by employee pension plans.

Table 24 provides information about applications for taxexempt status by charitable and other organizations.

Table 25 shows the total number of approved tax-exempt organizations for Fiscal Years 2004 through 2007.

Table 22. Tax-Exempt Guidance and Other Regulatory Activities, Fiscal Year 2007

Item	Total	Employee plans	Tax-exempt organizations	Tax-exempt bonds
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Total	6,600	4,931	1,603	66
Guidance [1]	76	55	21	N/A
Technical activities	3,500	1,918	1,582	N/A
Requests for rulings	1,534	516	1,018	N/A
Technical assistance	152	102	50	N/A
Technical advice	108	68	40	N/A
Opinion letters on prototype plans [2]	212	212	N/A	N/A
Correspondence [3]	1,467	998	469	N/A
Other	27	22	5	N/A
Voluntary compliance agreements	3,024	2,958	N/A	66

N/A—Not applicable.

SOURCES: Tax Exempt and Government Entities, Exempt Organizations SE:T:EO; Employee Plans SE:T:EP; and Government Entities SE:T:GE

^[1] Includes published revenue rulings, revenue procedures, regulations, notices, announcements, and information/news releases.

^[2] Includes opinion letters issued to IRAs (Individual Retirement Accounts), SEPs (Simplified Employee Pensions), and SIMPLEs (Savings Incentive Match Plans for Employees).

^[3] Includes both Congressional and general correspondence.

Table 23. Determination Letters Issued on Employee Pension Plans, by Type and Disposition of Plan, Fiscal Year 2007

					Determinat	on letters				
						Defined con	tribution plan	ıs		
							Type of pla	n		
Letters issued, disposition of plan	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	determination benefit	Stock bonus	, ,	Target benefit	Profit- sharing	Employee stock ownership	stock defined	Section 401(k) [2]	
		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Total:										
Qualified	9,980	1,692	8,288	13	325	25	6,907	312	706	2,122
Not qualified	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d	d
Initial qualifications:										
Qualified	4,719	363	4,356	d	25	d	3,665	62	596	1,444
Participating employees [3]	862,276	57,917	804,359	d	4,201	d	791,499	4,214	2,997	354,358
Amendments:										
Qualified	2,787	457	2,330	9	143	7	1,951	154	66	610
Participating employees [3]	1,961,685	934,975	1,026,710	289	57,702	359	888,262	43,706	36,392	250,611
Terminations:										
Qualified	2,474	872	1,602	d	157	d	1,291	96	44	68
Participating employees [3]	176,952	67,668	109,284	d	5,266	d	80,698	19,748	2,401	9,048

d—Not shown to avoid disclosure about specific taxpayers.

SOURCE: Tax Exempt and Government Entities, Employee Plans SE:T:EP

^[1] The total of defined contribution plans is the sum of columns 4-9, which include associated section 401(k) arrangements and participants. See footnote 2.

^[2] Section 401(k) arrangements and participants are reported and counted under the types of plans to which they are attached, e.g., profit-sharing or stock bonus plans, and thus are also included in columns 4-9.

^[3] Totals may be overstated to the extent that employees participate in more than one plan.

Table 24. Tax-Exempt Organization and Other Entity Applications or Disposals, by Type of Organization and Internal Revenue Code Section, Fiscal Year 2007

Type of organization, Internal Revenue Code section	Total applications or disposals	Approved	Disapproved	Other [1]
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Tax-exempt organizations and other entities, total	91,742	72,869	1,628	17,245
Section 501 (c) by subsection, total [2]	91,689	72,856	1,628	17,205
(1) Corporations organized under act of Congress	d	0	d	d
(2) Title-holding corporations	158	111	d	d
(3) Religious, charitable, and similar organizations [3]	85,771	68,278	1,607	15,886
(4) Social welfare organizations	1,867	1,394	8	465
(5) Labor and agriculture organizations	233	188	0	45
(6) Business leagues	1,615	1,370	6	239
(7) Social and recreation clubs	1,036	711	d	d
(8) Fraternal beneficiary societies	25	16	0	9
(9) Voluntary employees' beneficiary associations	356	286	3	67
(10) Domestic fraternal beneficiary societies	44	21	0	23
(12) Benevolent life insurance associations	116	94	0	22
(13) Cemetery companies	174	156	0	18
(14) State-chartered credit unions	10	7	0	3
(15) Mutual insurance companies	d	21	d	d
(17) Supplemental unemployment benefit trusts	6	3	0	3
(19) War veterans' organizations	131	99	0	32
(25) Holding companies for pensions and other entities	106	101	0	5
Section 501 (d) Religious and apostolic associations	5	5	0	0
Section 521 Farmers' cooperatives	28	8	0	20
Nonexempt charitable trusts	20	0	0	20

d—Not shown to avoid disclosure about specific taxpayers. However, data are included in the appropriate totals.

SOURCE: Tax Exempt and Government Entities, Exempt Organizations, Rulings and Agreements, Determinations SE:T:EO:RA:D

^[1] Includes applications withdrawn by the organization; applications which failed to provide the required information; incomplete applications; IRS refusals to rule on applications; applications forwarded to other than the IRS National Office; IRS correction disposals; and others.

^[2] No applications were filed for teachers' retirement funds [section 501(c)(11)]; corporations to finance crop operations [section 501(c)(16)]; employee-funded pension trusts [section 501(c)(18)]; black lung trusts [section 501(c)(21)]; multiemployer pension plans [section 501(c)(22)]; veterans' associations founded prior to 1880 [section 501(c)(23)]; trusts described in section 4049 of the Employee Security Act of 1974 (ERISA) [section 501(c)(24)]; State-sponsored high-risk health insurance organizations [section 501(c)(26)]; and State-sponsored workers' compensation reinsurance organizations [section 501(c)(27)].

^[3] Includes private foundations. Not all Internal Revenue Code section 501(c)(3) organizations are required to apply for recognition of tax exemption, including churches, integrated auxiliaries, subordinate units, and conventions or associations of churches.

Table 25. Tax-Exempt Organizations and Nonexempt Charitable Trusts, Fiscal Years 2004-2007

Type of organization, Internal Revenue Code section	2004	2005	2006	2007
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Tax-exempt organizations and other entities, total	1,680,061	1,709,205	1,726,491	1,789,554
Section 501(c) by subsection, total	1,540,554	1,570,023	1,585,479	1,648,306
(1) Corporations organized under act of Congress	116	123	126	134
(2) Title-holding corporations	7,144	7,116	7,120	7,136
(3) Religious, charitable, and similar organizations [1]	1,010,365	1,045,979	1,064,191	1,128,367
(4) Social welfare organizations	138,193	136,060	135,155	134,843
(5) Labor and agriculture organizations	62,561	61,075	60,932	60,634
(6) Business leagues	86,054	86,485	86,563	88,071
(7) Social and recreation clubs	70,422	70,399	70,569	71,092
(8) Fraternal beneficiary societies	69,798	67,391	65,752	64,216
(9) Voluntary employees' beneficiary associations	12,866	12,567	12,206	12,128
(10) Domestic fraternal beneficiary societies	21,328	21,091	21,385	20,390
(12) Benevolent life insurance associations	6,716	6,718	6,738	6,793
(13) Cemetery companies	10,728	10,819	10,879	11,098
(14) State-chartered credit unions	4,289	4,083	3,976	3,860
(15) Mutual insurance companies	1,988	2,127	2,126	2,073
(17) Supplemental unemployment benefit trusts	462	448	438	434
(19) War veterans' organizations	36,141	36,166	35,982	35,702
(25) Holding companies for pensions and other entities	1,285	1,274	1,238	1,234
Other 501(c) subsections [2]	98	102	103	101
Section 501(d) Religious and apostolic associations	141	146	162	162
Section 501(e) Cooperative hospital service organizations	38	37	37	37
Section 501(f) Cooperative service organizations of operating educational organizations	1	1	1	1
Section 501(k) Child care organizations	3	2	6	15
Section 501(n) Charitable risk pools	1	2	2	1
Nonexempt charitable trusts	139,323	138,994	140,804	141,032

^[1] Includes private foundations. Not all Internal Revenue Code section 501(c)(3) organizations are required to apply for recognition of tax exemption, including churches, integrated auxiliaries, subordinate units, and conventions or associations of churches.

SOURCE: Tax Exempt and Government Entities SE:T:BSP

^[2] Includes teachers' retirement funds [section 501(c)(11)]; corporations to finance crop operations [section 501(c)(16)]; employee-funded pension trusts [section 501(c)(18)]; black lung trusts [section 501(c)(21)]; multiemployer pension plans [section 501(c)(22)]; veterans' associations founded prior to 1880 [section 501(c)(23)]; trusts described in section 4049 of the Employee Security Act of 1974 (ERISA) [section 501(c)(24)]; State-sponsored high-risk health insurance organizations [section 501(c)(26)]; and State-sponsored workers' compensation reinsurance organizations [section 501(c)(27)].

Chief Counsel

ttorneys in the Chief Counsel's Office serve as lawyers for the IRS. They provide guidance to IRS and to taxpayers on the correct legal interpretation of the Federal tax laws, represent the IRS in litigation, and provide all other legal support the IRS needs to carry out its mission.

Tables 26 and 27 provide information about the Chief Counsel workload in 2007.

Table 26. Chief Counsel Workload: All Cases, by Office and Type of Case or Activity, Fiscal Year 2007

Office and type of case or activity	Cases received	Cases closed	Cases pending September 30, 2007
	(1)	(2)	(3)
Chief Counsel (All Offices):			
Total	93,322	91,336	63,326
Guidance and assistance	14,034	14,103	8,911
Tax law enforcement and litigation [1]	75,023	73,023	51,899
Other legal services to the IRS	4,265	4,210	2,516
Corporate:			
Total	716	647	356
Guidance and assistance	486 d	449 190	224 126
Tax law enforcement and litigation Other legal services to the IRS	d	8	6
	u	0	0
Criminal Tax: Total	6 992	6.040	1 2 4 2
Guidance and assistance	6,883	6,818	1,343
Tax law enforcement and litigation	6,752	6,691	1,306
Other legal services to the IRS	55	59	8
Financial Institutions and Products:			<u> </u>
Total	1,053	922	674
Guidance and assistance	846	745	536
Tax law enforcement and litigation	191	154	133
Other legal services to the IRS	16	23	5
General Legal Services:			-
Total	3,527	3,398	2,003
Guidance and assistance	44	39	11
Tax law enforcement and litigation	0	0	0
Other legal services to the IRS	3,483	3,359	1,992
Income Tax and Accounting:			
Total	5,565	5,837	3,311
Guidance and assistance	4,827	5,113	3,065
Tax law enforcement and litigation	727	707	d
Other legal services to the IRS	11	17	d
nternational:			
Total	1,921	2,029	1,859
Guidance and assistance	1,548	1,618	1,465
Tax law enforcement and litigation	356	379	377
Other legal services to the IRS	17	32	17
Large and Mid-Size Business:			
Total	4,460	4,981	5,282
Guidance and assistance	746	750	1,030
Tax law enforcement and litigation	3,689	4,208	4,230
Other legal services to the IRS	25	23	22
Passthroughs and Special Industries:			
Total	2,079	2,094	992
Guidance and assistance	1,519	1,488	821
Tax law enforcement and litigation	542	583	d
Other legal services to the IRS	18	23	d
Procedure and Administration:			
Total	4,548	4,098	1,989
Guidance and assistance	1,442	1,212	626
Tax law enforcement and litigation	2,627	2,380	943
Other legal services to the IRS	479	506	420
Small Business/Self-Employed:			
Total	58,468	56,410	42,709
Guidance and assistance	584	604	288
Tax law enforcement and litigation	57,755	55,669	42,398
Other legal services to the IRS Footnotes at end of table.	129	137	23

Table 26. Chief Counsel Workload: All Cases, by Office and Type of Case or Activity, Fiscal Year 2007—Continued

Office and type of case or activity	Cases received	Cases closed	Cases pending September 30, 2007
	(1)	(2)	(3)
Tax Exempt and Government Entities:			
Total	3,372	3,393	2,677
Guidance and assistance	1,353	1,471	731
Tax law enforcement and litigation	1,990	1,899	1,926
Other legal services to the IRS	29	23	20
Wage and Investment:			
Total	277	284	47
Guidance and assistance	239	244	26
Tax law enforcement and litigation	d	40	d
Other legal services to the IRS	d	0	d
Other [2]:			
Total	453	425	84
Guidance and assistance	324	302	59
Tax law enforcement and litigation	129	123	25
Other legal services to the IRS	0	0	0

d—Not shown to avoid disclosure of information about specific taxpayers. However, the data are included in the appropriate totals.

SOURCE: Chief Counsel, Associate Chief Counsel Finance and Management, Planning and Finance Division CC:FM:PF

^[1] For additional information on tax litigation cases, see Table 27.

^[2] Includes the immediate offices of the Chief Counsel and the Associate Chief Counsel (Finance and Management).

Table 27. Chief Counsel Workload: Tax Litigation Cases, by Type of Case, Fiscal Year 2007

Type of case	Cases received	Cases closed	Cases pending September 30, 2007
	(1)	(2)	(3)
Total cases	32,249	29,437	31,485
Tax Court cases [1]:			
Number of cases	29,063	26,064	29,472
Tax and penalty in dispute (millions of dollars)	5,538	11,819	21,321
Tax and penalty on decision (millions of dollars) [2]:			
Total	N/A	4,345	N/A
Default or dismissed	N/A	326	N/A
Settled	N/A	3,809	N/A
Tried and decided	N/A	210	N/A
Tax Court cases on appeal (decided or pending):			
Number of cases	N/A	N/A	377
Tax and penalty (decided or pending) cases (millions of dollars)	N/A	N/A	1,544
Refund cases [3]:			
Number of cases	315	405	1,318
Tax in dispute (millions of dollars)	1,382	2,702	8,325
Tax protected (millions of dollars) [4]:			
Total	N/A	2,649	N/A
District Court	N/A	2,141	N/A
Court of Federal Claims	N/A	508	N/A
Refund cases on appeal (decided or pending) [3]:			
Number of cases	N/A	N/A	95
Tax and penalty (decided or pending) cases (millions of dollars)	N/A	N/A	687
Number of nondocketed cases [5]	2,871	2,968	223

N/A—Not applicable.

SOURCE: Chief Counsel, Associate Chief Counsel Finance and Management, Planning and Finance Division CC:FM:PF

^[1] Tax Court cases involve a taxpayer contesting the Internal Revenue Service's determination that the taxpayer owes additional tax. The Tax Court provides a forum for taxpayer(s) to request a redetermination of the deficiency prior to paying the tax allegedly owed.

^[2] Amounts exclude offsetting overpayments and interest.

^[3] Refund cases involve taxpayers seeking refunds of claimed overpayments after taxes have been fully paid. Amounts include taxes and interest.

^{[4] &}quot;Tax protected" comprises any action taken by the Internal Revenue Service to prevent the release of funds from the U.S. Treasury in response to taxpayer efforts to recoup all or part of previously assessed and paid tax.

^[5] Reflects cases in which a court petition has not been filed.

IRS Budget and Workforce

ables 28 through 31 provide information about the size and composition of the IRS workforce and the resources that the IRS spends to collect taxes and assist taxpayers. In Fiscal Year 2007, the IRS spent an average of 40 cents to collect \$100 of revenue.

Table 28. Costs Incurred by the Internal Revenue Service, by Budget Activity, Fiscal Years 2006 and 2007 [Money amounts are in thousands of dollars.]

	Total		Personnel compensation and benefits [1]		Other [2]	
Budget activity	2006 [r]	2007	2006 [r]	2007	2006 [r]	2007
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Total obligations against appropriated funds	10,605,845	10,764,736	7,530,874	7,701,776	3,074,971	3,062,960
Taxpayer Services:						
Total	2,127,458	2,206,367	1,914,297	1,983,880	213,161	222,487
Prefiling Taxpayer Assistance and Education	559,249	574,886	455,118	479,759	104,131	95,127
Filing and Account Services	1,568,209	1,631,481	1,459,179	1,504,121	109,030	127,360
Enforcement:						
Total	4,686,011	4,663,321	4,288,747	4,355,268	397,264	308,053
Investigations	600,003	573,487	529,010	524,883	70,993	48,604
Examinations and Collections	3,935,893	3,943,620	3,616,350	3,691,597	319,543	252,023
Regulatory	150,115	146,214	143,387	138,788	6,728	7,426
Operations Support:						
Total	3,557,248	3,646,523	1,326,589	1,314,535	2,230,659	2,331,988
Infrastructure	840,749	834,517	986	951	839,763	833,566
Shared Services and Support	1,168,365	1,182,583	680,086	672,785	488,279	509,798
Information Services	1,548,134	1,629,423	645,517	640,799	902,617	988,624
Business Systems Modernization	215,135	233,676	0	46,908	215,135	186,768
Health Insurance Tax Credit Administration	19,993	14,849	1,241	1,185	18,752	13,664

[[]r] In Fiscal Year 2007, a new appropriations structure was established. Fiscal Year 2006 data have been revised under the new structure to allow comparison between fiscal years.

[2] Fiscal Year 2007 includes the following: \$195,008,000 (dollars) are for domestic and foreign travel. \$998,433,000 (dollars) are for data processing services; purchases of motor vehicles; office furniture and equipment; and enforcement, investigative, and telecommunications equipment and software. \$1,869,519,000 (dollars) are for transportation of equipment; postage; tax forms; relocation costs; rental payments; utilities; telecommunications; printing and reproduction; supplies and materials; land and structures; grants, subsidies, and contributions; insurance claims and indemnities; confidential expenditures for undercover operations; and other services (i.e., advisory and assistance services, purchase of goods and services from Government, operation and maintenance of facilities and equipment, research and development contracts, and medical care).

NOTES: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding. All amounts are in current dollars. Data represent dollars obligated, expended, and disbursed against direct appropriated funds.

SOURCE: Chief Financial Officer, Corporate Performance Budgeting, Systems Integration and Analysis Office, Systems OS:CFO:CPB:SI:S

^[1] Includes salaries, terminal leave payments, availability pay, pay differential, overtime and holiday pay, cash awards, incentive awards, obligation for uncashed payroll checks, expert and witness fees, rewards to informants, employer's share of personnel benefits costs, reimbursements for professional liability insurance, recruitment bonuses, commuting subsidies, retention bonuses, student loan repayments, relocation bonuses, gainsharing awards, cost of living allowances, overseas allowance grants, domestic and foreign income tax reimbursement allowances, worker's compensation benefits, moving expenses/relocation allowances, severance pay, and unemployment compensation payments.

Table 29. Internal Revenue Service Collections, Costs, Personnel, and U.S. Population, Fiscal Years 1980-2007

	Gross	Operating	Cost of		Average	Average positions realized [4]		
Fiscal year	collections (thousands of dollars) [1]	costs (thousands of dollars) [2]	collecting 100 dollars	U.S. population (thousands) [3]	tax per capita (dollars) [3]	Total	National Office	Field Offices
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1980	519,375,273	2,280,839	0.44	228,231	2,276	87,464	5,114	82,350
1981	606,799,103	2,465,469	0.41	230,613	2,631	86,156	5,110	81,046
1982	632,240,506	2,626,338	0.42	232,962	2,714	82,857	5,098	77,759
1983	627,246,793	2,968,526	0.47	235,225	2,667	83,603	4,357	79,246
1984	680,475,229	3,279,067	0.48	237,454	2,866	87,635	5,327	82,308
1985	742,871,541	3,600,953	0.48	239,714	3,099	92,259	5,454	86,805
1986	782,251,812	3,841,983	0.49	241,995	3,233	95,880	5,361	90,519
1987	886,290,590	4,365,816	0.49	244,344	3,627	102,189	6,253	95,936
1988	935,106,594	5,035,543	0.54	246,329	3,796	114,875	6,934	107,941
1989	1,013,322,133	5,198,546	0.51	249,412	4,063	114,758	7,895	106,863
1990	1,056,365,652	5,440,418	0.52	251,057	4,208	111,962	7,459	104,503
1991	1,086,851,401	6,097,627	0.56	254,435	4,272	115,628	8,286	107,342
1992	1,120,799,558	6,536,336	0.58	257,861	4,347	116,673	9,333	107,340
1993	1,176,685,625	7,077,985	0.60	261,163	4,506	113,460	9,320	104,140
1994	1,276,466,776	7,245,344	0.57	264,301	4,830	110,665	9,467	101,198
1995	1,375,731,836	7,389,692	0.54	267,456	5,144	112,024	9,738	102,286
1996	1,486,546,674	7,240,221	0.49	270,581	5,494	106,642	8,766	97,876
1997	1,623,272,071	7,163,541	0.44	273,852	5,928	101,703	7,837	93,866
1998	1,769,408,739	7,564,661	0.43	277,003	6,388	98,037	7,468	90,569
1999	1,904,151,888	8,269,387	0.43	280,203	6,796	98,730	8,078	90,652
2000	2,096,916,925	8,258,423	0.39	283,270	7,403	97,074	[5]	[5]
2001	2,128,831,182	8,771,510	0.41	286,287	7,436	97,707	[5]	[5]
2002	2,016,627,269	9,063,471	0.45	289,229	6,972	100,229	[5]	[5]
2003	1,952,929,045	9,401,407	0.48	292,074	6,686	98,824	[5]	[5]
2004	2,018,502,103	9,756,344	0.48	294,856	6,846	98,735	[5]	[5]
2005	2,268,895,122	10,397,837	0.46	297,740	7,620	94,282	[5]	[5]
2006	2,518,680,230	10,605,845	0.42	[p] 300,592	[p] 8,379	91,717	[5]	[5]
2007	2,691,537,557	10,764,736	0.40	[p] 303,424	[p] 8,871	92,033	[5]	[5]

[[]p]—Preliminary.

SOURCE: Chief Financial Officer, Corporate Performance Budgeting, Corporate Policy and Labor Analysis OS:CFO:CPB:BER:L

^[1] Gross collections exclude alcohol and tobacco excise taxes starting with 1988, and exclude taxes on firearms starting with the second quarter of Fiscal Year 1991. Responsibility for these excise taxes was transferred from the IRS to the Customs Service and the Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau.

^[2] Operating costs exclude costs reimbursed by other Federal agencies and private companies for services performed for these external parties. Beginning with Fiscal Year 2005, includes costs for Systems Modernization and the Health Insurance Tax Credit Administration.

^[3] U.S. population and tax per capita are based on resident population plus armed forces overseas as of October 1 of each year. This information is provided by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

^[4] Represents average positions to conduct IRS operations and excludes positions funded by reimbursements from other Federal agencies and private companies. In contrast, IRS labor force counts in Table 31 ("Internal Revenue Service Labor Force, Compared to National Totals for Civilian and Federal Labor Forces, by Race, National Origin, and Gender") represents the number of persons, including part-time and seasonal workers, employed at any time during the fiscal year.

^[5] Beginning in Fiscal Year 2000, the IRS discontinued the distinction between National Office and Field Offices as a result of reorganization.

Table 30. Internal Revenue Service Personnel Summary, by Employment Status, Budget Activity, and Selected Type of Personnel, Fiscal Years 2006 and 2007

Employment status, budget activity, and selected type of personnel	Average positions realized [1]		Number of employees at close of fiscal year	
	2006 [r]	2007	2006 [r]	2007
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Internal Revenue Service, total	91,717	92,033	90,115	86,638
Employment status:				
Full-time permanent	78,700	79,217	80,288	79,565
Other	13,017	12,816	9,827	7,073
Budget activity:				
Examinations and Collections	42,637	42,334	41,893	42,260
Filing and Account Services	25,925	26,283	25,473	20,442
Information Services	6,277	6,113	6,168	6,669
Shared Services and Support	5,605	5,806	5,507	5,420
Prefiling Taxpayer Assistance and Education	5,461	5,626	5,366	6,136
Investigations	4,500	4,283	4,421	4,230
Regulatory	1,302	1,225	1,279	1,223
Business Systems Modernization	0	353	0	248
Health Insurance Tax Credit Administration	10	9	8	10
Infrastructure	0	1	0	0
Selected personnel type:				
Customer Service Representatives	18,978	19,374	19,433	19,307
Revenue Agents	12,859	13,019	13,407	13,026
Seasonals	10,198	10,781	5,890	4,525
Revenue Officers	5,665	5,734	5,961	5,468
Tax Technicians	3,504	3,225	3,442	1,506
Special Agents	2,798	2,721	2,799	2,683
Attorneys	1,403	1,453	1,494	1,455
Appeals Officers	790	782	798	798

[[]r] In Fiscal Year 2007, a new appropriations structure was established. Fiscal Year 2006 data have been revised under the new structure to allow comparison between fiscal years.

SOURCE: Chief Financial Officer, Corporate Performance Budgeting, Corporate Policy and Labor Analysis OS:CFO:CPB:BER:L

^[1] Represents the average of positions actually used to conduct IRS operations. Therefore, excludes positions funded by reimbursements received from other Federal agencies and private companies for services performed for these external parties (1,129 positions for Fiscal Year 2006 and 682 positions for Fiscal Year 2007)

Table 31. Internal Revenue Service Labor Force, Compared to National Totals for Civilian and Federal Labor Forces, by Race, National Origin, and Gender, Fiscal Year 2007

Race, national origin, and gender	Internal Revenue Service, total [1]	Internal Revenue Service labor force [1]	Federal civilian labor force [2]	Civilian labor force [3]
			Percentage of total	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Total	101,461	100.0	100.0	100.0
Gender:				
Male	33,497	33.0	55.8	53.2
Female	67,964	67.0	44.2	46.8
Race, national origin, and gender:				
White, not of Hispanic origin	61,363	60.5	67.3	72.7
Male	24,054	23.7	40.6	39.0
Female	37,309	36.8	26.8	33.7
Black, not of Hispanic origin	25,187	24.8	17.3	10.5
Male	4,814	4.7	6.8	4.8
Female	20,373	20.1	10.5	5.7
Hispanic [4]	9,511	9.4	7.6	10.7
Male	2,650	2.6	4.4	6.2
Female	6,861	6.8	3.2	4.5
Asian, Native Hawaiian, or other Pacific Islander	4,413	4.3	5.4	3.8
Male	1,699	1.7	2.9	2.0
Female	2,714	2.7	2.4	1.8
American Indian or Alaskan Native	919	0.9	2.1	0.6
Male	259	0.3	0.9	0.3
Female	660	0.7	1.2	0.3
Two or more races [5]	68	0.1	0.2	1.6
Male	21	[6]	0.1	0.8
Female	47	[6]	0.1	0.8

^[1] Includes permanent full-time, part-time, and seasonal personnel employed by the Internal Revenue Service, including Chief Counsel, throughout Fiscal Year 2007, i.e., October 1, 2006, through September 30, 2007.

[6] Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTE: Percentages may not add to totals because of rounding. SOURCE: Equal Employment Opportunity and Diversity EEOD

^[2] Reflects Executive Branch employees as of September 2007, as reported by U.S. Office of Personnel Management. These data include the Internal Revenue Service labor force.

^[3] Data from U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census (2000 Census Statistics).

^[4] Hispanic or Latino persons of any race are included in the Hispanic category.

^[5] Data for IRS and other Federal workers of two or more races are incomplete, as they reflect primarily workers hired after January 1, 2006.

Principal Officers of the Internal Revenue Service

Principal Officers of the IRS Office of Chief Counsel

Commissioners of Internal Revenue

Chief Counsels for the Internal Revenue Service

Principal Officers of the Internal Revenue Service

as of September 30, 2007

COMMISSIONER

LINDA E. STIFF (Acting)

Deputy Commissioner for Services and Enforcement

Linda E. Stiff

Deputy Commissioner for Operations Support

Richard A. Spires

Chief of Staff

Joann L. Buck (Acting)

Chief, Appeals

Sara Hall Ingram

National Taxpayer Advocate

Nina E. Olson

Chief, Equal Employment Opportunity and Diversity

Dora Trevino (Acting)

Director, Research, Analysis, and Statistics

Mark J. Mazur

Chief, Communications and Liaison

Frank Keith

APPEALS

Chief, Appeals

Sara Hall Ingram

Deputy Chief, Appeals

Karen S. Ammons

TAXPAYER ADVOCATE SERVICE

National Taxpayer Advocate

Nina E. Olson

Deputy National Taxpayer Advocate

Melissa R. Snell

Executive Director, Systemic Advocacy

Rebecca Chiaramida

EQUAL EMPLOYMENT
OPPORTUNITY AND DIVERSITY

Chief, EEO and Diversity

Dora Trevino (Acting)

OFFICE OF RESEARCH, ANALYSIS, AND STATISTICS

Director, Office of Research, Analysis, and Statistics

Mark J. Mazur

Director, Office of Research

Janice M. Hedemann

Director, Statistics of Income

Thomas B. Petska

COMMUNICATIONS AND LIAISON

Chief, Communications and Liaison

Frank Keith

Director, Office of Legislative Affairs

Floyd L. Williams

Director, Office of Communications

Terry Lemons

Director, Office of National Public Liaison

Candice Cromling

SMALL BUSINESS/SELF-EMPLOYED DIVISION

Commissioner, Small Business/ Self-Employed

Kathy A. Petronchak

Deputy Commissioner, Small Business/Self-Employed

Brady R. Bennett

Director, Communications, Liaison, and Disclosure

Rob C. Wilkerson

Director, Collections

David Alito

Director, Examination

Monica Baker

Director, Fraud/BSA

Beth Elfrey

Director, Specialty Programs

Bill Conlon

LARGE AND MID-SIZE BUSINESS DIVISION

Commissioner, Large and Mid-Size Business

Deborah M. Nolan

Deputy Commissioner, Large and Mid-Size Business (Operations)

Bruce B. Ungar

Deputy Commissioner, Large and Mid-Size Business (International)

Frank Y. Ng

Director, Financial Services Industry

Barry Shott

Director, Retailers, Food, Pharmaceuticals, and Healthcare

John Risacher

Director, Communications, Technology, and Media

Patricia Chaback

Director, Heavy Manufacturing and Transportation

John Risacher (Acting)

Director, Natural Resources and Construction

Keith M. Jones

Director, Field Specialists

Walter L. Harris

Principal Officers of the Internal Revenue Service—Continued

as of September 30, 2007

WAGE AND INVESTMENT DIVISION

Commissioner, Wage and Investment

Richard J. Morgante

Deputy Commissioner, Wage and Investment

Richard Byrd, Jr.

Director, Customer Account Services

Peter Stipek

Director, CARE (Customer Assistance, Relationships, and Education)

Susan Carroll

Director, Compliance

James M. Grimes

TAX EXEMPT AND
GOVERNMENT ENTITIES
DIVISION

Commissioner, Tax Exempt and Government Entities

Steven T. Miller

Deputy Commissioner, Tax Exempt and Government Entities

Christopher Wagner

Director, Employee Plans

Joseph H. Grant

Director, Exempt Organizations

Lois Lerner

Director, Government Entities

Michael Julianelle

CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION

Chief, Criminal Investigation

Eileen C. Mayer

Deputy Chief, Criminal Investigation

John H. Imhoff, Jr.

OFFICE OF PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBILITY

Director, Office of Professional Responsibility

Michael R. Chesman

WHISTLEBLOWER OFFICE

Director, Whistleblower Office

Stephen A. Whitlock

OFFICE OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Chief Financial Officer

Janice J. Lambert

Deputy Chief Financial Officer, Finance

Alison L. Doone

AGENCY-WIDE SHARED SERVICES

Chief, Agency-Wide Shared Services

James P. Falcone

Director, Procurement

Dave Grant

Director, Real Estate and Facilities Management

Stuart Burns

MODERNIZATION AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SERVICES

Chief Information Officer

Arthur L. Gonzalez

Deputy Chief Information Officer

Vacant

Associate Chief Information Officer, Applications Development

Gina Garza

Associate Chief Information Officer, Enterprise Operations

Kathy Jantzen

Associate Chief Information Officer, Enterprise Networks

Ken Riccini

Associate Chief Information Officer, Enterprise Services

Linda Gilpin

Associate Chief Information Officer, End User Equipment Services

Harry Curry

Associate Chief Information Officer, Cybersecurity

Dan Galik

HUMAN CAPITAL OFFICE

Chief, Human Capital Officer

Robert B. Buggs

Deputy Chief Human Capital Officer

Bonnie Acoveno

PRIVACY, INFORMATION PROTECTION, AND DATA SECURITY

Chief, Privacy, Information Protection, and Data Security

Deborah G. Wolf

Principal Officers of the IRS Office of Chief Counsel

as of September 30, 2007

OFFICE OF CHIEF COUNSEL

Chief Counsel

Donald L. Korb

Deputy Chief Counsel (Operations)

H. Stephen Kesselman

Deputy Chief Counsel (Technical)

Clarissa C. Potter

Special Counsel (National Taxpayer Advocate Service)

Judith M. Wall

Division Counsel/Associate Chief Counsel (Criminal Tax)

Edward F. Cronin

Division Counsel (Large and Mid-Size Business)

Christopher B. Sterner

Division Counsel (Small Business/Self-Employed)

Thomas R. Thomas

Division Counsel/Associate Chief Counsel (Tax Exempt and Government Entities)

Nancy J. Marks

Division Counsel (Wage and Investment)

Carol A. Campbell

Associate Chief Counsel (Corporate)

William D. Alexander

Associate Chief Counsel (Finance and Management)

Dennis M. Ferrara

Associate Chief Counsel (Financial Institutions and Products)

Stephen R. Larson

Associate Chief Counsel (General Legal Services)

Mark S. Kaizen

Associate Chief Counsel (Income Tax and Accounting)

George J. Blaine

Associate Chief Counsel (International)

Steven A. Musher

Associate Chief Counsel (Passthroughs and Special Industries)

William P. O'Shea

Associate Chief Counsel (Procedure and Administration)

Deborah A. Butler

Commissioners of Internal Revenue

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE CREATED BY ACT OF CONGRESS, JULY 1, 1862.

George S. Boutwell

Massachusetts July 17, 1862 to March 4, 1863

Joseph J. Lewis (Acting)

Pennsylvania March 5 to March 17, 1863

Joseph J. Lewis

Pennsylvania March 18, 1863 to June 30, 1865

William Orton

New York July 1, 1865 to Oct. 31, 1865

Edward A. Rollins

New Hampshire Nov. 1, 1865 to March 10, 1869

Columbus Delano

Ohio March 11, 1869 to Oct. 31, 1870

John W. Douglass (Acting)

Pennsylvania
Nov. 1, 1870 to Jan. 2, 1871

Alfred Pleasonton

New York Jan. 3, 1871 to Aug. 8, 1871

John W. Douglass

Pennsylvania
Aug. 9, 1871 to May 14, 1875

Daniel D. Pratt

Indiana May 15, 1875 to Aug. 1, 1876

Green B. Raum

Illinois Aug. 2, 1876 to April 30, 1883

Henry C. Rogers (Acting)

Pennsylvania May 1 to May 10, 1883

John J. Knox (Acting)

Minnesota May 11 to May 20, 1883

Walter Evans

Kentucky May 21, 1883 to March 19, 1885

Joseph S. Miller

West Virginia March 20, 1885 to March 20, 1889

John W. Mason

West Virginia March 21, 1889 to April 18, 1893

Joseph S. Miller

West Virginia April 19, 1893 to Nov. 26, 1896

W. St. John Forman

Nov. 27,1896 to Dec. 31, 1897

Nathan B. Scott

West Virginia

Jan. 1, 1898 to Feb. 28, 1899

George W. Wilson

Ohio

March 1, 1899 to Nov. 27, 1900

Robert Williams, Jr., (Acting)

Ohio

Nov. 28 to Dec. 19, 1900

John W. Yerkes

Kentucky

Dec. 20, 1900 to April 30, 1907

Henry C. Rogers (Acting)

Pennsylvania
May 1 to June 4, 1907

John G. Capers

South Carolina

June 5, 1907 to Aug. 31, 1909

Royal E. Cabell

Virginia

Sept. 1, 1909 to April 27, 1913

William H. Osborn

North Carolina April 28, 1913 to Sept. 25, 1917

Daniel C. Roper

South Carolina Sept. 26, 1917 to March 31, 1920

William M. Williams

Alabama

April 1, 1920 to April 11, 1921

Millard F. West (Acting)

Kentucky

April 12 to May 26, 1921

David H. Blair

North Carolina May 27, 1921 to May 31, 1929

Robert H. Lucas

Kentucky
June 1, 1929 to Aug. 15, 1930

H. F. Mires (Acting)

Washington Aug. 16 to Aug. 19, 1930

David Burnet

Ohio

Aug. 20, 1930 to May 15, 1933

Pressly R. Baldridge (Acting)

Iowa

May 16 to June 5, 1933

Guy T. Helvering

Kansas

June 6, 1933 to Oct. 8, 1943

Robert E. Hannegan

Missouri

Oct. 9, 1943 to Jan. 22, 1944

Harold N. Graves (Acting)

Illinois

Jan. 23 to Feb. 29, 1944

Joseph D. Nunan, Jr.

New York

March 1, 1944 to June 30, 1947

George J. Schoeneman

Rhode Island
July 1, 1947 to July 31, 1951

John B. Dunlap

Texas

Aug. 1, 1951 to Nov. 18, 1952

John S. Graham (Acting)

North Carolina

Nov. 19, 1952 to Jan. 19, 1953

Justin F. Winkle (Acting)

New York

Jan. 20 to Feb. 3, 1953

T. Coleman Andrews

Virginia

Feb. 4, 1953 to Oct. 31, 1955

O. Gordon Delk (Acting)

Virginia

Nov. 1 to Dec. 4, 1955

Russell C. Harrington

Rhode Island

Dec. 5, 1955 to Sept. 30, 1958

O. Gordon Delk (Acting)

Virginia

Oct. 1 to Nov. 4, 1958

Dana Latham

California

Nov. 5, 1958 to Jan. 20, 1961

Charles I. Fox (Acting)

Utah

Jan. 21 to Feb. 6, 1961

Mortimer M. Caplin

Virginia

Feb. 7, 1961 to July 10, 1964

Bertrand M. Harding (Acting)

Tomas

July 11, 1964 to Jan. 24, 1965

Sheldon S. Cohen

Maryland

Jan. 25, 1965 to Jan. 20, 1969

William H. Smith (Acting)

Virginia

Jan. 21 to March 31, 1969

Randolph W. Thrower

Georgia

April 1, 1969 to June 22, 1971

Harold T. Swartz (Acting)

Indiana

June 23 to Aug. 5, 1971

Commissioners of Internal Revenue—Continued

Johnnie M. Walters

South Carolina Aug. 6, 1971 to April 30, 1973

Raymond F. Harless (Acting)

California

May 1 to May 25, 1973

Donald C. Alexander

Ohio

May 26, 1973 to Feb. 26, 1977

William E. Williams (Acting)

Illinois

Feb. 27 to May 4, 1977

Jerome Kurtz

Pennsylvania

May 5, 1977 to Oct. 31, 1980

William E. Williams (Acting)

Illinois

Nov. 1, 1980 to March 13, 1981

Roscoe L. Egger, Jr.

Indiana

March 14, 1981 to April 30, 1986

James I. Owens (Acting)

Alabama

May 1 to Aug. 3, 1986

Lawrence B. Gibbs

Texas

Aug. 4, 1986 to March 4, 1989

Michael J. Murphy (Acting)

Wisconsin

March 5 to July 4, 1989

Fred Goldberg, Jr.

Missouri

July 5, 1989 to Feb. 2, 1992

Shirley D. Peterson

Colorado

Feb. 3, 1992 to Jan. 20, 1993

Michael P. Dolan (Acting)

Iowa

Jan. 21 to May 26, 1993

Margaret Milner Richardson

Texas

May 27, 1993 to May 31, 1997

Michael P. Dolan (Acting)

Iowa

June 1 to Nov. 12, 1997

Charles O. Rossotti

New York

Nov. 13, 1997 to Nov. 6, 2002

Bob Wenzel (Acting)

Illinois

Nov. 7, 2002 to April 30, 2003

Mark W. Everson

New York

May 1, 2003 to May 28, 2007

Kevin M. Brown (Acting)

Virginia

May 29, 2007 to Sept. 8, 2007

Linda E. Stiff (Acting)

Germany

Sept. 9, 2007 to present

Chief Counsels for the Internal Revenue Service

Walter H. Smith, 1866 William McMichael, 1871 Charles Chesley, 1871 Thomas J. Smith, 1888 Alphonso Hart, 1890 Robert T. Hough, 1893 George M. Thomas, 1897 Albert W. Wishard, 1901 **A.B.** Hayes, 1903 Fletcher Maddox, 1908 Ellis C. Johnson, 1913 A.A. Ballantine, 1918 **D.M.** Kelleher, 1919 Robert N. Miller, 1919 Wayne Johnson, 1920 **Carl A. Mapes, 1920** Nelson T. Hartson, 1923 Alexander W. Gregg, 1925 Clarance M. Charest, 1927 E. Barrett Prettyman, 1933 Robert H. Jackson, 1934 Morrison Shaforth, 1936 John P. Wenchel, 1937

Charles Oliphant, 1947 Charles W. Davis, 1952 Daniel A. Taylor, 1953 John Potts Barnes, 1955 **Nelson P. Rose, 1957** Arch M. Cantrall, 1958 Hart H. Spiegel, 1959 Crane C. Hauser, 1961 Sheldon S. Cohen, 1964 Mitchell Rogovin, 1965 Lester R. Uretz, 1966 K. Martin Worthy, 1969 **Lee H. Henkel, Jr., 1972** Meade Whitaker, 1973 Stuart E. Seigel, 1977 N. Jerold Cohen, 1979 Kenneth W. Gideon, 1981 Fred Goldberg, Jr., 1984 William F. Nelson, 1986 Abraham N. M. Shashy, Jr., 1990 Stuart L. Brown, 1994 B. John Williams, Jr., 2002 **Donald L. Korb,** 2004 to present

The following were Acting Chief Counsel during periods when there was no Chief Counsel holding the office:

John W. Burrus,

March 2 to Nov. 30, 1936

Mason B. Leming,

Dec. 6, 1951 to May 15, 1952

Kenneth W. Gemmill,

June 11 to Nov. 8, 1953

Rudy P. Hertzog,

Dec. 1, 1954 to May 8, 1955, and Jan. 20 to Aug. 16, 1961, and Sept. 1, 1963 to Jan. 5, 1964

Herman T. Reiling,

Jan. 19 to March 13, 1957, and Aug. 31 to Sept. 20, 1959

Richard M. Hahn,

Jan. 20 to June 25, 1969

Lee H. Henkel, Jr.,

Jan. 16 to June 11, 1972

Lawrence B. Gibbs,

April 17 to Oct. 19, 1973

Charles L. Saunders, Jr.,

Jan. 20 to April 15, 1977

Leon G. Wigrizer,

April 16 to June 23, 1977

Lester Stein,

June 1 to Nov. 16, 1979

Jerome D. Sebastian,

Jan. 21 to Feb. 2, 1981, and March 30 to Aug. 14, 1981

Emory L. Langdon,

Feb. 3 to March 29, 1981

Joel Gerber,

May 28, 1983 to March 17, 1984

V. Jean Owens,

March 14 to July 27, 1986

Peter K. Scott,

Nov. 1, 1988 to Feb. 6, 1990

David L. Jordan

Jan. 20, 1993 to Oct. 4, 1994

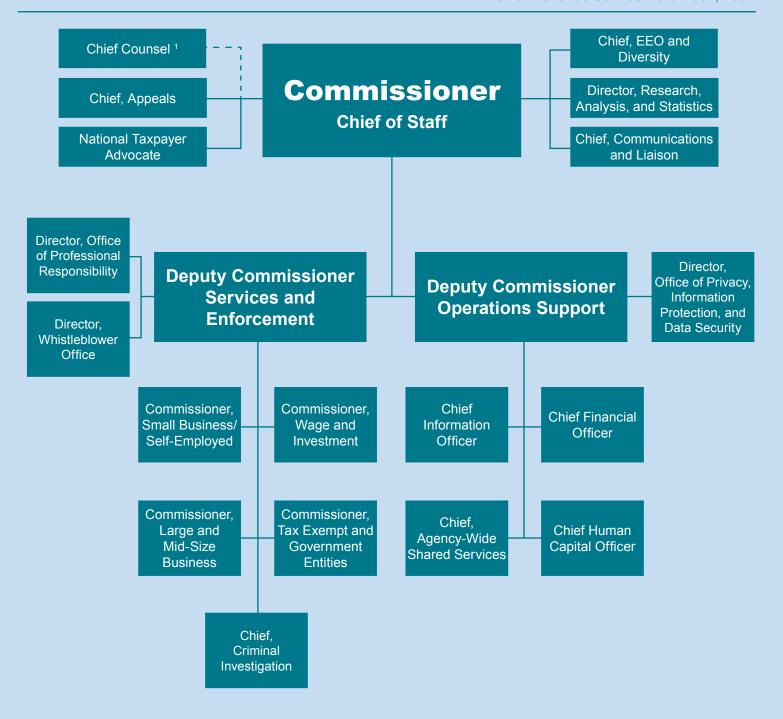
Richard Skillman

Jan. 20, 2001 to Feb. 6, 2002

Emily A. Parker,

Aug. 1, 2003 to April 14, 2004

NOTE: From 1866 to 1926, the chief legal officer for the Bureau of Internal Revenue was known as the Solicitor. For the next 8 years, 1926 to 1934, the chief legal officer had the title of General Counsel. Since 1934, the chief legal officer has operated under the title of Chief Counsel, now for the Internal Revenue Service.



¹ Chief Counsel reports to both the Commissioner and the Treasury Department General Counsel in circumstances specified by the Internal Revenue Service Restructuring and Reform Act of 1998.

3,270,070	15,597,007	6,256,039	9,279,131	103,159
580,687	8,331,695	1,871,637	6,432,668	87,070
17,386,979	88,833,695	14,712,728	73,752,255	79,896
346,719	7,066,973	1,801,649	5,235,672	1,609,125
39,114,058	171,788,322	36,540,727	134,356,183	27,653
20,343,866	48,217,766	8,684,062	39,323,108	1,143,565
305,275	2,995,155	707,331	2,272,331	318,756

42,308,861	3,180,315	37,328,24
50,450,286	10,350,897	39,058,05
17,222,467	4,838,043	12,182,55
17,458,924	1,124,379	16,213,54
131,261,303	9,900,660	118,062,12
74,824,364	14,582,950	56,641,15
7,122,326	655,818	6,184,05
8,279,632	603,353	7,592,85
129,891,703	24,143,928	102,622,20
39,851,966	5,179,590	34,002,87
17,400,565	1,981,102	15,058,80
20,126,901	2,671,506	15,846,82
	1,606,303	
21,709,969	1,165,111	19,756,82
27,323,703	490,185	25,666,19
6,300,230		5,556,41
51,243,026	4,242,760	46,283,13
69,628,837	7,006,102	61,248,26
70,036,186	7,636,529	61,290,11
72,065,501	14,252,702	56,057,69
9,803,730	765,810	8,641,41
44,460,802	5,820,070	37,113,74
4,081,168	193,276	3,784,62
17,381,221	5,211,131	11,936,55
19,123,140	3,270,070	15,597,00
9,112,460	580,687	8,331,69
108,541,003	17,386,979	88,833,69
7,513,621	346,719	7,066,97
214,937,242	39,114,058	171,788,32
69,364,463	20,343,866	48,217,76
3,333,405	305,275	2,995,15
90,623,355	16,380,204	72,968,39
31,148,116	8,961,139	16,377,93
23,119,047	2,138,547	20,482,07
102,512,063	12,561,651	86,218,91
10,392,995	2,383,388	7,899,39
31,111,506	1,177,975	29,271,05
	261,933	
4,377,098	6,663,979	4,017,12
47,392,686	37,004,514	39,590,48
204,736,871	1,143,559	145,758,27
13,240,911		11,358,07
3,605,629	193,703	3,334,45
61,307,121	8,867,884	50,433,38
56,732,059	8,737,224	46,430,14
6,179,043	531,996	5,432,75
41,685,918	6,102,472	34,934,53
3,956,255	525,501	3,127,81
2,217,654	12,722	2,199,38
4,000,937	644,496	3,353,11
5,267,101	968,857	4,027.78
2,640,566	249,507	2,391,05
368,019	249,507	118,51
2,213,400	12,433	2,213,40
59,147	173,757	59,14
4,179,516	188,293	3,286,44
26,131,334	4,312,657	276,28
30,834,243	4,875,735	380,53
34,917,825	1,367,935	502,98
29,896,520	5,649,460	435,76
38,337,646	5,242,080	829.45
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Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

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